

Current and Complicated Issues in Commercial Driver Medical Certification (DOT Examinations)

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Disclosures

I have no relevant relationships with ineligible companies to disclose within the past 24 months. (healthcare products used by or on patients.)

I serve as Chief Medical Officer Norfolk Southern Railway – I am speaking on behalf of OccuMedix, not NS



Objectives

- Apply recent and pending changes in the commercial driver medical examination process
- Identify resources which can aid in evaluating fitness for duty commercial drivers
- Utilize current best practice to reach appropriate certification determinations.

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Periodic Training Letter to MEs – February 20,2020

"Certified Medical Examiners (MEs) listed on the National Registry must complete periodic training every five (5) years under 49 CFR 390.111(a)(5)(i) to maintain their National Registry certification to conduct examinations of interstate CMV drivers. The periodic training will be provided by FMCSA and will only be available to certified ME's through their National Registry account. However, due to unexpected delays, the training is still not yet available. FMCSA will notify MEs once the training becomes available, and will ensure that all MEs required to complete the training have ample time to do so. In addition, FMCSA will not take action against affected MEs for noncompliance with the regulations for not completing the training within the five-year timeframe.

Note: Training from other third-party training organizations does not meet the regulatory requirement for periodic training, and FMCSA does not provide continuing education units for completing the periodic training."





FMCSA message

- FMCSA cleaning up the NR
- Certified MEs are going to be required to update their profile information
- If there are issues with a certified ME's account, FMCSA will email them directly
 - Some will be getting a notice of proposed removal (depending on the reason)
- ME's who have not migrated their account with <u>login.gov</u> will be removed

On August 9, 2021, FMCSA published a Federal Register notice requesting that by September 30, 2021, ME's submit results of physical qualification examinations conducted during the National Registry outage from December 1, 2017, through August 13, 2018. During the outage, FMCSA encouraged MEs to continue conducting physical qualification examinations and instructed MEs to submit examination results to the National Registry when upload functionality was restored. The upload functionality was fully restored on August 13, 2018. Dut a significant number of healthcare professionals have not uploaded the results from examinations conducted during the National Registry outage. Therefore, FMCSA has requested that the MEs in question upload the information by no later than September 30, 2021. To read the Federal Register notice please use the following link https://www.regulations.gov/document/FMCSA-2013-0002-0007.

For questions related to this Federal Register notice, please contact the National Registry Technical Support Help Desk at <u>fmctechsup@dot.gov</u> or (617) 494-3003.

August 10, 2021

MEs Who Have Not Migrated Their National Registry Account to Login.gov

Approximately 16,000 MEs identified Multiple attempts to contact 49 CFR 390.111(a)(2) -ME must report to FMCSA any changes in the registration information within 30 days of change FMCSA to remove these MEs from the National Registry for noncompliance with the regulations

FMCSA

FMCSA posted a resource table providing quick access through links to the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations relevant to the physical qualification of interstate commercial motor vehicle (CMV) drivers as well as other available resources including Medical Review Board taskings and recommendations and evidence reports. In addition to the table providing links, information has been provided explaining the difference between regulations and guidance. Please be sure to bookmark this page for quick and easy access in the future. The page is located at https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/regulations/medical/medical-regulations-and-guidance-resource-links.

FMCSA encourages use

December 3, 2021

Medical Regulations and Guidance Resource Links

About the Tables

This document provides quick access through links to the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations relevant to the physical qualification of interstate commercial motor vehicle (CMV) drivers as well as other available resources including Medical Review Board taskings and recommendations, and evidence reports.

Regulations vs. Guidance

Established under the Agency's statutory authority, FMCSA's safety regulations concerning the physical qualifications of drivers are legally binding on those subject to their provisions. FMCSA has the authority to compel compliance with regulations. These regulations ensure uniform application of the law and how the laws must be followed. In addition, FMCSA provides medical guidance to Medical Examiners (MEs) in the form of advisory criteria, bulletins, interpretations of the regulations, and guidelines. Medical guidance assists MEs in applying the regulations governing

https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/regulations/medical/me dical-regulations-and-guidance-resource-links

the physical qualifications of interstate CMV drivers. Often, this guidance is based on input from medical expert panels or is derived from clinical best practices. Unlike regulations, recommendations and other guidance do not have the force and effect of law and are not meant to bind the public in any way. Rather, such guidance is strictly advisory, not mandatory, and intended solely to clarify existing requirements under the regulations or FMCSA policies. The public (including MEs) is free to choose whether or not to utilize such guidance or recommendations as a basis for decision-making.

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ysical qualification of interstate commer	tial motor vehic	cle (CMV) drivers.	they provide the ME medical information			
Title	Citation	Description	The evidence reports included in the linl and accuracy of the data presented at th reflect the official policy of FMCSA.			
National Registry of Certified Medical I	Examiners		Title	Торіс	Date	Description
Scope.	49 CFR 390.101	Overview of 49 CFR 390.101-115.	Medical Advisory Criteria			
Eligibility requirements for medical examiner certification.	49 CFR 390.103	Provides requirements for becoming a certified medical examiner on the National Registry.	MRB Task 16-02 Letter Report	Medical Advisory Criteria	December 13, 2016	Medical Review Board's (MRB) recommended revisions to the Medical Advisory Criteria.
Medical examiner training programs,	49 CFR 390.105	Provides requirements for training organizations and lists the core curriculum.	Appendix A to Part 391–Medical Advisory Criteria	Medical Advisory Criteria	April 23, 2015	Published as an appendix to part 391 of the CFR, contains non-
Medical examiner certification testing,	49 CFR 390.107	Provides the criteria that testing organizations must meet.				regulatory guidance to assist medical examiners.
ssuance of the FMCSA medical examiner certification credential.	49 CFR 390.109	Describes when a medical examiner will receive certification, and the length of certification.	Sleep Disorders			
Requirements for continued listing on he National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners.	49 CFR 390.111	Provides requirements for medical examiners to maintain their certification and listing on the National Registry.	Final MRB Task 16-01 Letter Report from Motor Carrier Safety Advisory Committee (MCSAC) and MRB	Sleep Disorders	November 21, 2016	MRB recommendations regarding comments received on Advanced Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (ANPRM) on obstructive sleep apnea.
Reasons for removal from the National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners.	49 CFR 390.113	Provides reasons a medical examiner may be removed from the National Registry.	MRB Task 16-01 Draft Letter Report	Sleep Disorders	August 26, 2016	MRB recommendations to the ANPRM on obstructive sleep
Procedure for removal from the National Registry of Certified Medical	49 CFR 390.115	Describes the methods of removal from the National Registry, and the accompanying process for each	Draft Task 16-01 Discussion Notes	Sleep Disorders	August 23, 2016	apnea. Draft discussion notes and MRB recommendations on obstructive sleep apnea.

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National Registry Search Functionality Update
MCSA deployed an update to the National Registry that we believe has resolved the majority of the emaining search results issues. However, there are still a few locations (e.g., Kansas City, MO) that are no howing any results during a search and we are continuing to work to fix the issue as soon as possible. If ou are conducting a Medical Examiner search by location and no results are found FMCSA encourages ou to contact the National Registry Technical Support Help Desk at fmctechsup@dot.gov or (617) 494- 003. Thank you for your patience.
April 14, 2022



	(© Login
NATIONAL REGISTRY CALIFORNIA	Home Register Field A Medical Examiner Resource Center
National Registry Resource	e Center
Medical Examiner's Certification Integration	
Timeline of Final Rule Provisions	
Screection Notice	
2 Federal Register Notice Use of Driver Examination Forms	
New Driver Examination Forms	
Traulin-Treated Diabetes Melitus Assessment Form, MCSA-5870	
Medical Examination Report (MER) Form. MCSA-5875	Webinars
27 Medical Examiner's Certificate (MEC). Form MCSA-5875	7 11-08-11 National Registry Webiner Video
2 391.41 CMV Driver Medication Form. MC3A-5895	1-08-11 National Registry Webinar Presentation
Station Evaluation Report. Form MCSA-5871	
1	11-08-11 National Registry Webinar Transcript
	🖓 New Diabetes Standard Overview Webinar
	C New Vision Standard Owniew Webinar
	Email Notifications
	01/02/2021 - Issuing Medical Examiner's Certificates to Drivers With Expired Driver's Licenses During COVID-19
Note – all forms current with new	2 11/23/2020 - Driver Examination Forms Submitted to FMCSA per the Driver's Request
expiration dates	2 10/09/2020 - Medical Examiners: Seizure Information
	2 03/28/2017 - FMCSA livites you to attend a live Q and A session
	2 03/24/2017 - Driver Examination Forms Webinar Registration FAQ
	2/15/2017 - Webinar Announcement



FMCSA Update

- New FMCSA email addresses for hearing and seizure exemptions
 - fmcsahearingexemptions@dot.gov
 - fmcsaseizureexemptions@dot.gov
- MEs encouraged to report threatening drivers to the local police department.
- Can notify FMCSA Office of Emergency Preparedness and Security Services **1-877-831-2250** and/or email <u>Alex.Keenan@dot.gov</u>.
- Mail can be direct to: Alex Keenan , Director, FMCSA Office of Emergency Preparedness and Security Services, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, Room E12-350, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, Washington, DC 20590"







Alternative Vision Standard

• Two parts to examination

1. Vision evaluation from an ophthalmologist or optometrist

2. ME performs examination/determines if alternative vision standard, as well as FMCSA's other physical qualification standards

• Can issue MEC up to 12 months.



Revised § 391.41 Physical qualifications for drivers.

§ 391.41 Physical qualifications for drivers.

(b) (10)(i) Has distant visual acuity of at least 20/40 (Snellen) in each eye without corrective lenses or visual acuity separately corrected to 20/40 (Snellen) or better with corrective lenses, distant binocular acuity of at least 20/40 (Snellen) in both eyes with or without corrective lenses, field of vision of at least 70° in the horizontal meridian in each eye, and the ability to recognize the colors of traffic signals and devices showing standard red, green, and amber; or

(ii) Meets the requirements in § 391.44, if the person does not satisfy, with the **worse** eye, either the distant visual acuity standard with corrective lenses or the field of vision standard, or both, in paragraph (b)(10)(i) of this section;



Appendix A to Part 391—[Amended] Remove and reserve paragraph II.J. of appendix A to part 391.



§391.44. (2) The individual has the vision evaluation required by paragraph (b) of this section

- Prior to the examination required by § 391.45 or the expiration of a medical examiner's certificate, the individual must be evaluated by a licensed *ophthalmologist* or licensed optometrist.
 - Ophthalmologist/optometrist must complete the Vision Evaluation Report, Form MCSA–5871.
 - Upon completion must sign and date and provide full name, office address, and telephone number on the Report.

*Revised 391.43 – to include ophthalmologist

Stable and sufficient time for adjustment New Provider

"Ophthalmologists and optometrists who are trained to evaluate vision and know what constitutes stable vision are to provide medical opinions regarding when an individual's vision is stable"

- New Provider?
 - "typical medical practice would be for the ophthalmologist or optometrist to request and review the individual's prior vision and medical records."
 - "the Agency finds it unlikely an ophthalmologist or optometrist would merely accept an individual's statement that the individual has adapted to and compensated for the vision loss"







Examination by the Medical Examiner

 Utilizing independent medical judgment - apply the following standards in determining whether the individual may be certified as physically qualified



Examination by the Medical Examiner

Not physically qualified if -

(i) In the **better** eye, the distant visual acuity is not at least 20/40 (Snellen), with or without corrective lenses, and the field of vision is not at least 70° in the horizontal meridian.

(ii) Individual is not able to recognize the colors of traffic signals and devices showing standard red, green, and amber.

(iii) Individual's vision deficiency is not stable.

(iv) Sufficient time has not passed since the vision deficiency became stable to allow the individual to adapt to and compensate for the change in vision



Visual Field

- MRB recommended at least 120° in better eye
- Final Rule 70° but
- "ophthalmologist or optometrist must conduct formal perimetry to assess the field of vision of each eye, including central and peripheral fields, utilizing a testing modality that tests to at least 120 degrees in the horizontal meridian."
- Must submit formal perimetry for each eye and interpret the results in degrees of field of vision

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ME Requesting Additional Information

"If an ME determines that additional information is necessary to make the certification determination, the ME could confer with the ophthalmologist or the optometrist for more information on the individual's vision medical history and current status, make requests for other appropriate referrals, or request medical records from the individual's treating provider, all with the appropriate consent."



Add §391.44 (2) (d) Road test

 An individual physically qualified under this section for the first time must inform the motor carrier responsible for completing the road test under §391.31(b) that the individual is required by paragraph (d) of this section to have a road test.

(i) The individual must certify in writing to the motor carrier the date the vision deficiency began.

*Several situations where road test would not be required but MC responsible to determine

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Who would be eligible

- Monocular vision "
 - "in the better eye, distant visual acuity of at least 20/ 40 (with or without corrective lenses) and field of vision of at least 70 degrees in the horizontal meridian, and (2) in the worse eye, either distant visual acuity of less than 20/40 (with or without corrective lenses) or field of vision of less than 70 degrees in the horizontal meridian, or both."



Who would be eligible

- "Individuals who choose not to obtain corrective lenses for the worse eye when the better eye meets the existing vision standard must not be physically qualified under §391.44. "
- "FMCSA assumes that individuals will make the rational decision to improve their vision if it is less burdensome than incurring the additional expense of annual eye evaluations and physical qualification examinations"



Medical Examination Forms:

- Federal vision exemption program no longer necessary
- As of March 22, 2022, MEs should not mark -accompanied by a Federal vision waiver/exemption (MER) or (MEC),
- On and after March 22, 2022, any individual who might have been physically qualified by a vision will have to be qualified under the provisions adopted in the final rule



• Federal Vision Exemptions:

- As of January 21, 2022, FMCSA stopped accepting applications /renewal for exemptions under the Federal vision exemption program.
- Those with exemptions in effect on March 22, 2022, have until March 22, 2023 to be medically certified under the alternative vision standard, at which time all MECs issued with vision exemptions will become void.
- FMCSA will notify exemption holders, applicants, and grandfathered drivers details of transition



Grandfathered Drivers:

- The final rule eliminates 49 CFR 391.64(b) on March 22, 2023.
- Medical examiners may continue to physically qualify individuals under section 391.64(b) until this time.
- Individuals physically qualified under section 391.64(b) have until March 22, 2023 to be medically certified under the alternative standard, at which time all MECs issued under 391.64(b) will become void.

Form MCSA-5871	OMB No.: 2126-0006 Expiration Date: 03/31/2025	
U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration	1. april access 1. april 2023	
A Fockeni agency may not conduct or sponse, and a person in not required to recepted in, our dahl a gency of information adjects to the requirement description of the adject of the sponse of the spo	ation displays a current valid OMB Control Number. The OMB nation is estimated to be approximately 8 minutes per response, the collection of information. Send comments regarding this	
VISION EVALUATION RE	EPORT	
Name:	DOB:	
Driver's License Number:	State:	
Information for the Individual:		
The medical examiner must receive this report and begin the physical qualifie days after an ophthalmologist or optometrist signs this report.	cation examination not more than 45 calendar	
Information for the Ophthalmologist or Optometrist:		
This individual is being evaluated as part of the process to determine whether the Federal Motor Carrier Stafey Administration (FMCSA) to operate a comm This report is required to provide information for an individual who has "mon did not meet FMCSA's vision standard at a physical qualification examination complete this report to the best of the ophthalmologist's or optometrist's abilit and knowledge of the individual's medical history. The determination as to wf and is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle will be made I Registry of Certified Medical Examiners.	tercial motor vehicle in interstate commerce. ocular vision," as defined by FMCSA, or . An ophthalmologist or optometrist should y based on the evaluation of the individual tether the individual meets the vision standard	
FMCSA defines monocular vision as:		
(1) in the better eye, distant visual acuity of at least 20/40 (with or withou least 70 degrees in the horizontal meridian; and	ut corrective lenses) and field of vision of at	
(2) in the worse eye, either distant visual acuity of less than 20/40 with co 70 degrees in the horizontal meridian, or both.	prrective lenses or field of vision of less than	
For general informational purposes only, to meet FMCSA's monocular vision	standard, an individual must:	
 have in the better eye distant visual acuity of at least 20/40 (Snellen), vision of at least 70 degrees in the horizontal meridian; be able to recognize the colors of traffic signals and devices showing; have a stable vision deficiency; and have had sufficient time pass since the vision deficiency became stab in vision. 	standard red, green, and amber;	
http	os://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/i	egulations/medical/vision-evaluation-report-form-mcsa-5871
		1

	s.: 2126-0006 Form MCSA-5871 on Date: 03/31/2025 U.S. Department of Transportation	OMB No.: 2126-6006 Expiration Date: 03/31/2025
Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration	Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration	
Name: DOB:	Name: DOB:	
PLEASE CHECK/FILL IN REQUESTED INFORMATION (PLEASE PRINT):	b. Condition or disease:	
 I am: an ophthalmologist an optometrist 	Dete of discovering	Severity: Mild Moderate Severe
2. Date of vision evaluation (MM/DD/YYYY):		seventy Milu Modelate Severe
Distant visual acuity (select N/A if there is no vision in an eye):	Is condition stable? Yes No	If no, why:
Uncorrected: Right eye: 20/ or N/A Left eye: 20/ or N/A Corrected: Right eye: 20/ or N/A Left eye: 20/ or N/A	c. Condition or disease:	
Type of correction: Glasses Contacts	Date of diagnosis:	Severity: Mild Moderate Severe
 Field of vision, including central and peripheral fields, utilizing a testing modality that tests to at least 12 the horizontal. Formal perimetry is required. Attach a copy of the formal perimetry test for each eye 		
the results in degrees of field of vision.	Is condition stable? Yes No	If no, why:
Right eye:degrees ("normal" or "full" are not acceptable) Left eye:degrees ("normal" or "full" are not acceptable)	11. In your medical opinion, is the individual	's vision deficiency stable? 🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Test used to determine results:	ATTACHERE If yes, provide the date the vision deficient	ncy became stable (MM/DD/YYYY):
5. Is the individual able to recognize the standard red, green, and amber traffic control signal colors?		me passed since the vision deficiency became stable to allow the individual to
6. Date of last comprehensive eye examination (MM/DD/YYYY): or Date	unknown	n vision and to drive a commercial motor vehicle safely?
7. Does the individual have monocular vision as it is defined by FMCSA? Yes No	13 In your medical opinion is a vision evalue	ation required more often than annually? Yes No
If yes, cause of the monocular vision (describe):		
	14. Additional comments (attach additional p	
8. Date the monocular vision began (MM/DD/YYYY):	14. Additional comments (anach additional p	nages as neeueu)
S. Date the monocular vision began (<i>MNUDD/TTTT</i>): Current treatment: or [] N/A		
10. Does the individual have any progressive eye condition or disease (e.g., macular edema, cataracts, glauc retinopathy)?	coma, or	ATTACHFUL
Yes No		
If yes, provide the condition or disease, date of diagnosis, severity (mild, moderate, or severe), current to whether the condition is stable:	reatment, and I attest that I am an ophthalmologist or op best of my knowledge.	ptometrist and that the information provided is true and correct to the
a. Condition or disease:		Printed Name and Medical Credential
	Date	Printed Name and Medical Credential
Date of diagnosis: Severity: Mild Moderate Severe	Professional License Number and State	Signature
Current treatment:		signature
Is condition stable? Yes No If no, why:	Phone Number	Email
	rione Number	Email
	Street Address	City, State, Zip Code

F	Question 1		sion Standard Webinar
• Q:	Does a Medical Examiner have discretion to issue a Medical Ex Certificate (MEC), Form MCSA 5876, for less than the maximum medical certification period?		
• A:	Yes. Medical examiners may continue to apply medical discretion to medical examiner's certificate for less than the maximum medical c period which under the alternative vision standard is 12-months.		
			Question 2
		• Q.	What if the medical examiner does not agree with, or has questions about, the ophthalmologist or optometrist opinion that the individual's vision deficiency is stable, and that sufficient time has passed since the vision deficiency became stable to allow the individual to adapt to and compensate for the change in vision and to drive a commercial motor vehicle safely?
		• A.	The medical examiner could consult with the ophthalmologist or the optometrist for more information regarding the individual's vision medical history and current vision status, make requests for other appropriate referrals, or request medical records from the individual's treating provider, all with the appropriate consent. The final physical qualification determination rests with the certifying medical examiner.



	Question 5		
• Q.	After the publication date of January 21, 2022, and bef final rule March 22, 2022, may medical examiners issu Certificates, Form MCSA-5876 to individuals who have certificate and hold an unexpired Federal vision exem	e a Medie an expi	lical Examiner's
• A.	The medical examiner may issue a short-term certificate in mark that the individual is qualified only when accompanie Exemption on the Medical Examiner's Certificates. Form M is because the requirement that an individual is qualified w until the effective date of the final rule (March 22, 2022). If the Medical Examiner's Certificates, Form MCSA-5876 ef final rule, and before the compliance date of March 22, 20 unexpired Federal vision exemption, the individual is enco alternative vision standard. FMCSA notes that all Federal	ed by a "F MCSA-58" vith an ex expires af 23, and th uraged to vision exe	Federal Vision" 376 that is issued. This xemption is still in place after the effective date of the the individual holds an to be qualified under the comptions and all certificates
/	not obtained under the alternative vision standard will be v	oid on Ma	Aarch 22. 2023. Question 6
		• Q.	Where in the final rule is the driver required to notify the motor carrier to provide them a road test? Is this information found on the Vision Evaluation Report, Form MCSA-5871?
		• A.	The provisions in 391.44(d) provides the requirements concerning the individual's responsibility to notify the motor carrier regarding the road test. The Vision Evaluation Report, Form MCSA-5871, provides required information specifically from the ophthalmologist or optometrist and does not concern road test information.

Rederal Motor Carrier Safe					Search	Q	
	About FMCSA R	egulations	Registration	Safety	Analysis	News	
Home / Mission / MRB							
MRB Home	MRB Meeting	Informat	tion and D	ocumer	nts		
About	The materials below are guidance or requireme		ments and drafts,	and are not	to be construed	as Agency	
Meetings	Meeting Dates			Торіс			
Members	a						https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/mrb
Proceedings	September 29, 2021		view Board (MRB) Mediate States State	0			
Medical Expert Panel Recommendations		Please :	submit requests for	or accommo	dations because		
		submit	erequests to review	v written ma	terials during th		
Federal Advisory Committee Act			ster for the meetin				
Contact Us	May 19-20, 2021	Virtual Meet	ting				
Federal Motor Carrier		 Meeting (MRB) 	g of FMCSA's Med	ical Review B	oard Advisory C	ommittee	
Safety Administration Medical Review Board		o We	ednesday, May 19				
1200 New Jersey Avenue			iursday, May 20, 9 ncement	:15 AM - 4:30	PIVI (PUDIIC)		
SE Washington, DC 20590			Agenda MRB Meet tation: 2021 MRB				
United States			ask Statement 21-			ve Vision	 Meeting - meeting material from September
Email:		Standar			and the Minimum Ca		11.2013
MRB@dot.gov ==			ask 21-1: FMCSA Pretter Report (July 2		mative vision St	andard -	,
Phone: (202) 366-4001			ask Statement 21-2		n-Treated Diabe	tes Mellitus	 Proceedings – Meeting summaries 2006- 2



Meeting Dates	Торіс
September 29, 2021	Voluntary recall of certain Continuous Positive Air Pressure (CPAP) machines due to potential health risks.
May 19 – 20, 2021	FMCSA Proposed Alternative Vision Standard, Non-Insulin-Treated Diabetes Mellitus Assessment Form, 2021 Draft Medical Examiners Handbook, Seizure Standard and Length of Medical Certification
April 27, 28, 2020. April 27 closed	Medical Handbook, Seizure Standard, NRCME examination (closed meeting). Cardiovascular MEP Report (June 2013) posted
July 15 – 16, 2019	Medical Examiner Handbook, Vision and Vision Exemption
June 25 – 26, 2018	Medical Examiner Handbook, Vision
September 26-27, 2017	Medical Examiner Handbook, Seizures
October 24-25, 2016	Medical Advisory Criteria, FDA Warnings, OSA, Driver Wellness
August 22-23, 2016	Obstructive Sleep Apnea
August 10, 2016 -Meeting of the MCSAC-MRB	Driver Health and Wellness Working Group -
Sept. 21-22, 2015 Joint Meeting with MCSAC	Driver Health and Wellness

Meeting Dates	Торіс
July 21-22, 2015	Diabetes Mellitus and Vision Standard
October 27, 2014 Joint Meeting with MCSAC	Schedule II Controlled Substances
July 29-30, 2014	Schedule II Controlled Substances
September 11, 2013	Schedule II Medications
September 9-10, 2013 Joint MCSAC-MRB Meeting	Motorcoach Hours of Service; Schedule II Medications
February 2013	Bus Driver Fatigue
October 19, 2012	Field of Vision.
February 6, 2012 MCSAC and MRB	Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA).
January 4-5, 2012	Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA)
December 2 and 5, 2011	OSA
June 30, 2011	updated Diabetes, cochlear implants, OSA
January 6, 2010	Parkinson's Disease, Multiple Sclerosis; Narcolepsy, Traumatic Brain Injury; Diabetes and Crash Risk
July 1, 2000	Psychiatric Disorders; Circadian Rhythm Disorders; Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillators and Cardiac Resynchronization

Meeting Dates	Торіс
January 12, 2009	Stroke
October 6, 2008	Hearing, Vestibular Function; Psychiatric Disorders
July 18, 2008	Chronic Kidney Disease
April 7, 2008	Chronic Kidney Disease; Vision Deficiency
January 28, 2008	Obstructive Sleep Apnea; Seizures
July 26, 2007	Seizures
April 25, 2007	Cardiovascular
January 10, 2007	Schedule II Medication
November 1, 2006	Diabetes

Medical Review Board – September 29, 2021 Phillips CPAP Recall

Meeting Dates	Торіс
September 29, 2021	Medical Review Board (MRB) Meeting - Virtual
	 Wednesday, September 29, 1-5 PM (Public)
	 Please submit requests for accommodations because of a disability to
	mrb@dot.gove by September 16, 2021. Please submit requests to review
	written materials during the meeting to mrb@dot.gov@ by September 20,
	2021.
	 To register for the meeting: <u>EventBrite</u>
	Announcement
	<u>Agenda</u>
	 MRB Task Statement 21-3: Recommendations to Medical Examiners and CMV
	Drivers When There Is a CPAP Recall
	 Medical Device Recall Notification Philips Respironics Sleep and Respiratory
	Care devices
	Philips Respironics Recalls Certain Continuous and Non-Continuous Ventilators
	including CPAP and BiPAP, Due to Risk of Exposure to Debris and Chemicals
	Philips Respironics CPAP, BiPAP, and Ventilator Recall: Frequently Asked
	Questions
	Public Submission from American Trucking Associations Public Submission from Natalie Hartenbaum
	Public Submission from Annelise Thornton
	Public Submission from Bob Stanton
	Meeting Comments from Bob Stanton







https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/advisory-committees/mrb/draftnon-insulin-treated-diabetes-mellitus-assessment-form

NON- INSULIN-TREATED DIABETES MELLITUS ASSESSMENT FORM

Driver Name

DOB:

The individual named above is being evaluated to determine whether he/she meets the physical qualification standards [49 CFR 391.41(b)(1-13)] of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) to operate a commercial motor vehicle (CMV) in interstate commerce. During the medical evaluation, it was determined this individual has a diagnosis of noninsulin-treated diabetes mellitus, which may impair his/her ability to safely operate a CMV. As the certified Medical Examiner (ME), I request that you review and complete this form, and return it to me via the individual, or at the mailing address, email address, or fax number specified below. The final determination as to whether the individual listed in this form is physically qualified to drive a CMV will be made by the certified ME.

THE DRIVER'S ROLE 49 CFR 391.43

Responsibilities, work schedules, physical and emotional demands, and lifestyles among commercial drivers vary by the type of driving that they do. Some of the main types of drivers include the following: turn around or short relay (drivers turn to their home base cach evening); long relay (drivers drive y-11 hours and then have at least a 10-hour off-duty period), straight through haul (cross country drivers); and team drivers (drivers share the driving by alternating their 5-hour driving periods and 5-hour rest periods.) The following factors may be involved in a driver's performance of duties: adrupt schedule changes and rotating work schedules, which may result in irregular sleep patterns and a driver beginning a trip in a fatigued condition; long hours; extended time away from family and friends, which may result in lack of social support; tight pickup and delivery schedules, with irregularity in work, rest, and eating patterns, adverse road, weather and traffic conditions, which may cause delays and lead to hurriedly loading or unloading cargo in order to compensate for the lost time; and environmental conditions such as excessive vibration, noise, and extremes in temperature. Transporting passengers or hazardous materials may add to the demands on the commercial driver. There may be duties in addition to the driving task for which a driver is responsible and needs to be fit. Some of these responsiblities are: coupling and uncoupling trailer(s) bottor and/or trailer(s) before, during and after delivery of cargo; lifting, installing, and removing heavy tire chains; and, lifting heavy tarpatalins to cover open top trailers. The above task demand agility, the ability to bend mal badders on the trateor nador trailers. The above task demand agility, the ability to bend mal badders on the trateor, adore trailers. The above task demand agility, the ability to maintain a crouching position to inspect the underside of the vehicle, frequent entering and exiting of the cab, and the ability to climb ladders on the tr

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DRAFT • ME Handbook first posted in 2008 • Provided *guidance* to MEs. Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) • MEs/ stakeholders applied as if regulation NATIONAL REGISTRY OF CERTIFIED **MEDICAL EXAMINERS:** • Removed from website in 2015. **Medical Examiner Handbook** • MEs should make qualification determinations on a 2021 Edition case by case basis using FINAL revised MEH in conjunction established best medical practices Pending OMB approval U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration • Will be published for public comment 2018, 2019, 2020 Drafts https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/medical-review-board-mrb-meeting-topics



ME Handbook Draft May 2021

- Included SOME Cardiovascular Tables from 2013 Cardiovascular Report (not shared until April 2020 MRB meeting)
 - HTN
 - Coronary Heart Disease



ME Handbook *Draft* 5/2021

 Heart Transplant- "For additional guidance on certification of drivers with a heart transplant, one source MEs could consider is the July 5, 2013 Expert Panel Recommendations titled "Medical Examiner Physical Qualification Standards and Clinical Guidelines for Cardiovascular Disease and Commercial Motor Vehicle Driver Safety" in Appendix A on page 23, available at https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/sites/fmcsa.dot.gov/files/2020-04/FMCSA%20CVD%20MEP%20Recommendations%2005062013.pdf. "



ME Handbook **Draft** 5/2021

4.8.3.6 Obstructive Sleep Apnea

- Obstructive sleep apnea is a respiratory disorder characterized by a reduction
- moderate-to-severe obstructive sleep apnea does not preclude certification.
- The FMCSRs do not include requirements for MEs to screen CMV drivers for OSA, or provide criteria whether to refer a driver for OSA testing, diagnostic testing methods, treatment methods, or criteria by which to assess compliance for obstructive sleep apnea treatment.

That's All Folks



ME Handbook **Draft** 5/2021

4.8.3.6 Obstructive Sleep Apnea

- When making a medical certification determination, the ME may consider the driver's responses to the questions on the Medical Examination Report Form, MCSA-5875, about sleep disorders, and readily identifiable risk factors for obstructive sleep apnea identified during the physical examination.
- Examples of risk factors for and symptoms of obstructive sleep apnea include but are not limited to:
 - 25. Sleep disorders, pauses in breathing while asleep, daytime sleepiness, loud snoring
 26. Have you ever had a sleep test (*e.g., sleep apnea*)?

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ME Handbook *Draft* 5/2021 **4.8.3.6 Obstructive Sleep Apnea**

- If an ME observes multiple risk factors for moderate-to-severe obstructive sleep apnea, the ME may consider referring the driver for a sleep study if not evaluated previously.
 - Lists risk factors and symptoms but not those from 2016 MRB Report
 - 2020 version listed 2016 MRB
- If a driver reports a prior sleep study was negative for or revealed only mild obstructive sleep apnea, another sleep study may not be warranted unless the driver reports significant changes in risk factors or symptoms since the prior sleep study.
-



ME Handbook Draft May 2021

4.9 Rheumatic, Arthritic, Orthopedic, Muscular, Neuromuscular or Vascular Disease, and Loss or Impairment of Limbs Regulations - 49 CFR 391.41(b)(7), (b)(1), and (b)(2)

• 4.9.7 Other Information

- Disorders of the musculoskeletal system affect driving ability and functionality necessary to perform heavy labor tasks associated with the job of commercial driving. Medical certification means the driver is physically able to safely drive and perform non-driving tasks.
- The ME should consider that **certification is not limited to a single employer or type of work.** For example, no lifting may be required for one employer while heavy lifting may be required for other employers. **Certification also is not limited to a specific vehicle type or size.**

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- Thus, a driver who is medically certified under the FMSCRs is physically qualified to operate every vehicle type and to perform the activities typically associated with commercial driving.
- MEs cannot issue a Medical Examiner's Certificate, Form MCSA-5876, with restrictions other than those listed on the certificate.
- If physical restrictions are necessary, they must be imposed by the employer as a condition of employment.

AND detailed Job Description



ME Handbook Draft 5/2021

4.10.3.11 Narcolepsy and Idiopathic Hypersomnia

- Considerations for an ME when making a physical qualification determination could include but may not be limited to the following:
 - Are the driver's symptoms of narcolepsy or idiopathic hypersomnia likely to cause loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a CMV?
 - Whether the driver has been evaluated and treated by a medical provider.
 - Has treatment, including response to medications, been shown to be adequate, effective, safe, and stable?
- MEs should evaluate, on a case-by-case basis, to determine if the driver meets the physical qualification standard.
- DOES NOT REFERENCE ANY OF THE MRB, MEP
- BUT NARCOLEPSY IS DISQUALIFYING



Motions – May 2021 MRB Meeting From Meeting Minutes

- Following statement to be included in MEH passed
 - "Idiopathic *insomnia* and narcolepsy cause loss of consciousness making them non-qualifying per the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations."
- Add vision advisory criteria in the MEH to prohibit the use of chromatic lenses – passed





