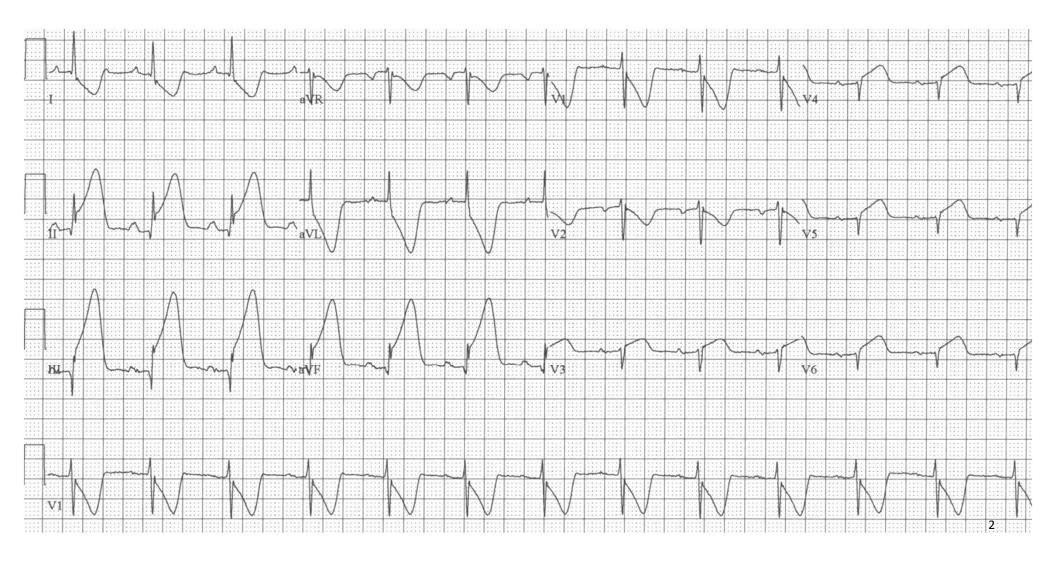
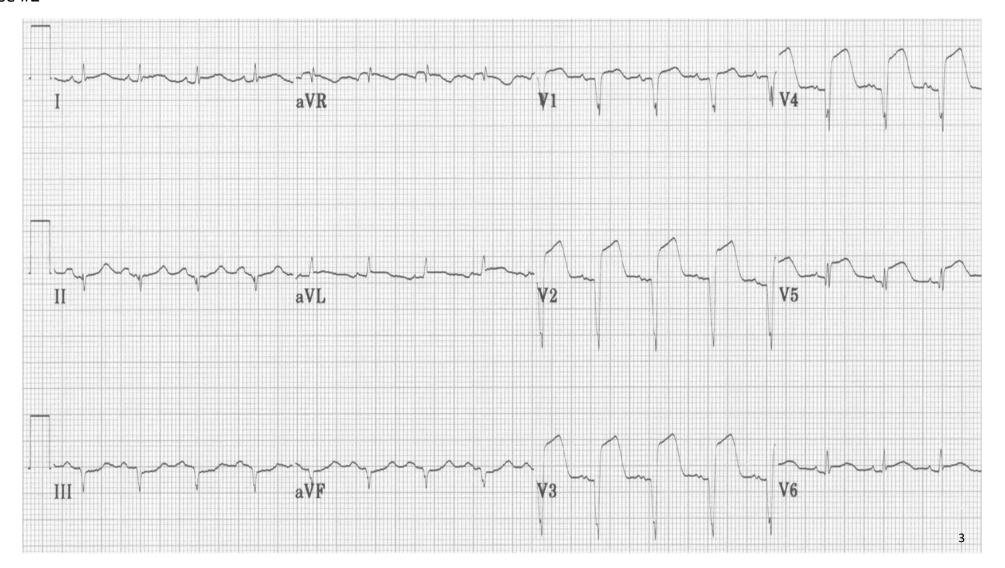
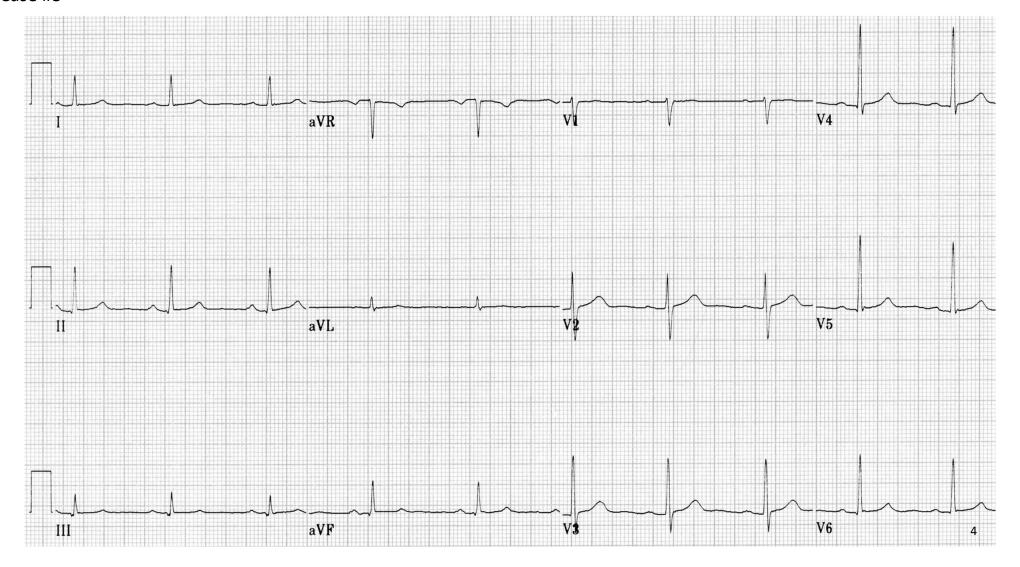
Intermediate ECG Workshop In-Class ECG Practice

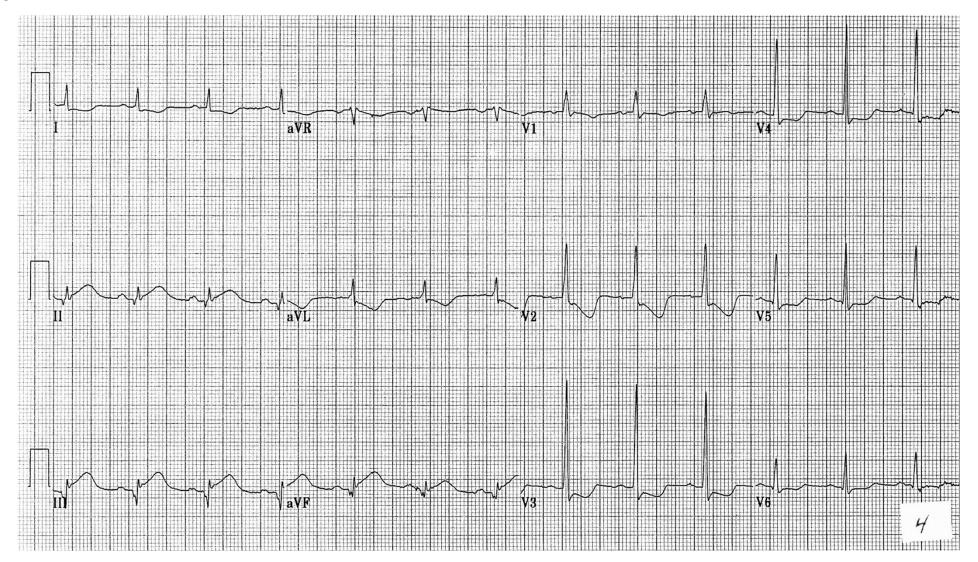
Indianapolis, IN

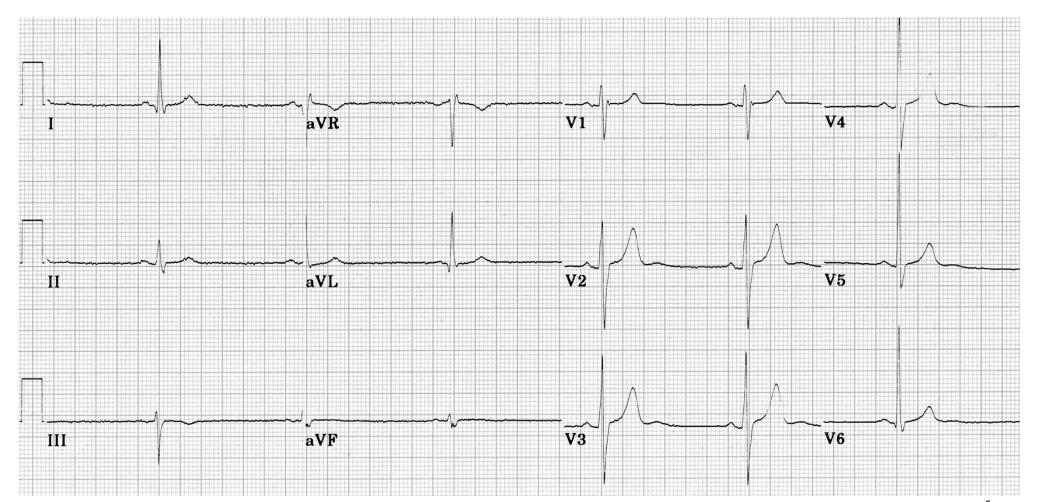
Darwin Brown, MPH, PA-C

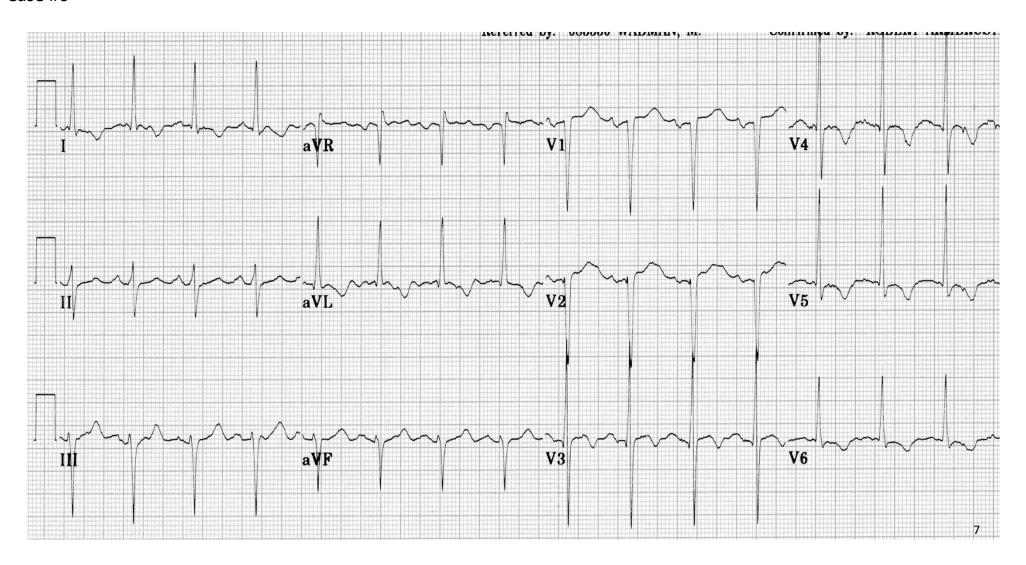




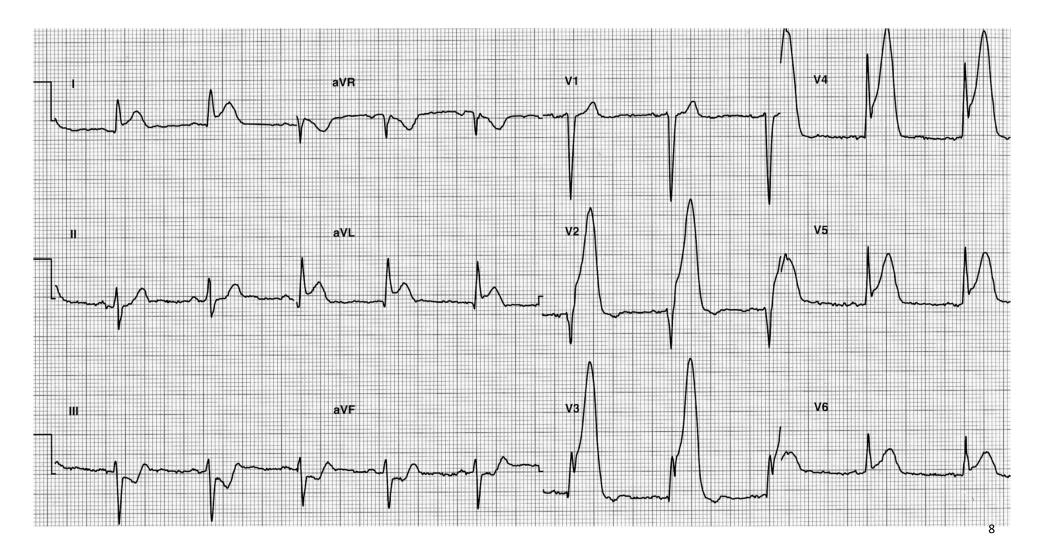


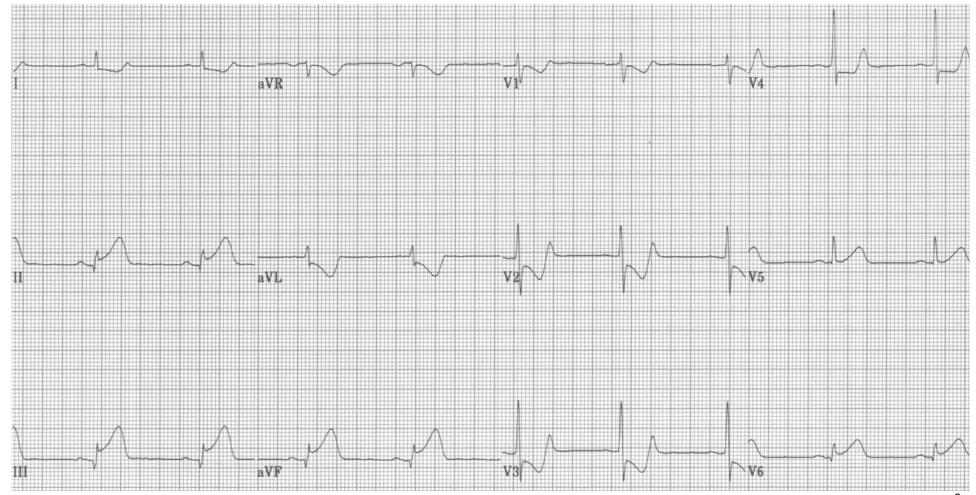


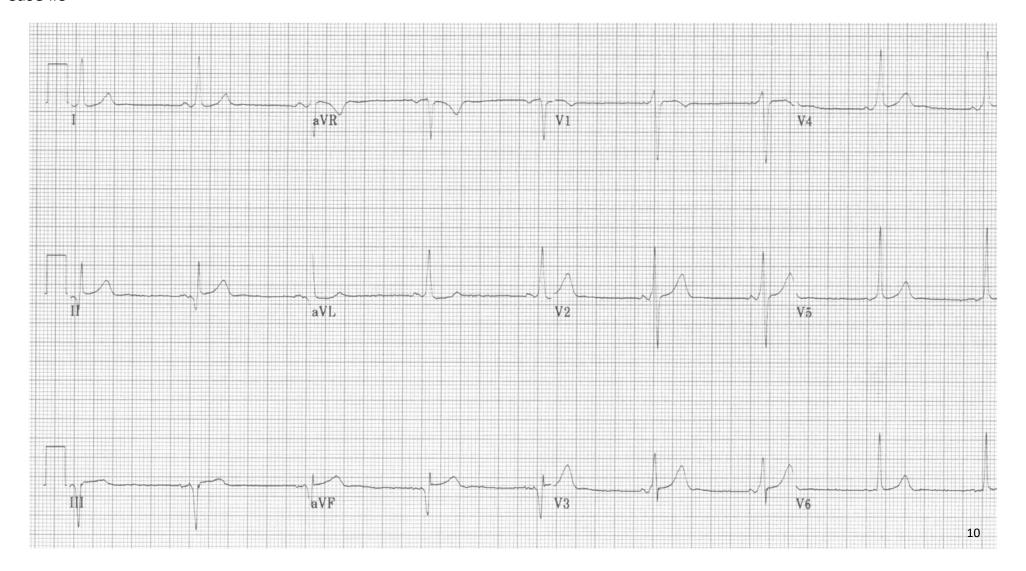


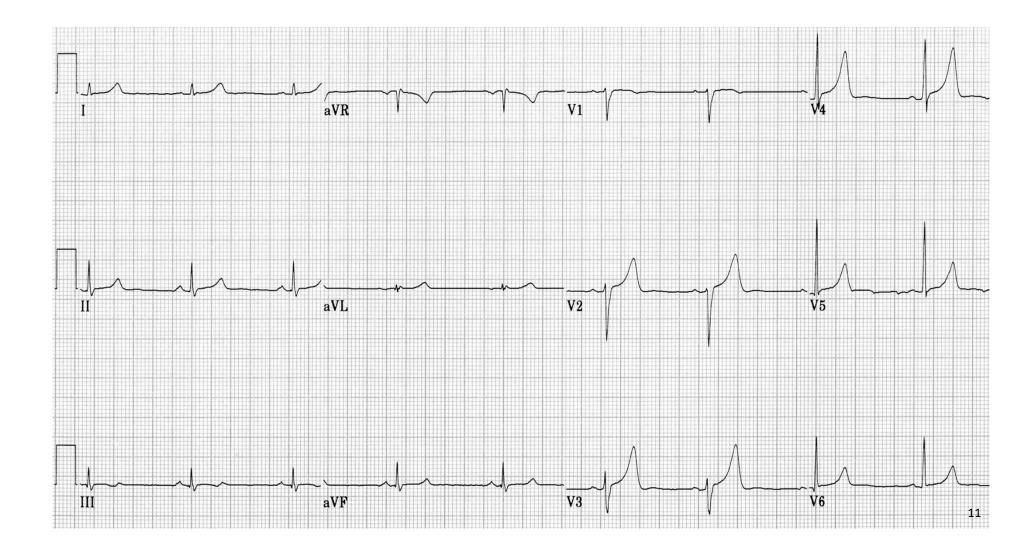


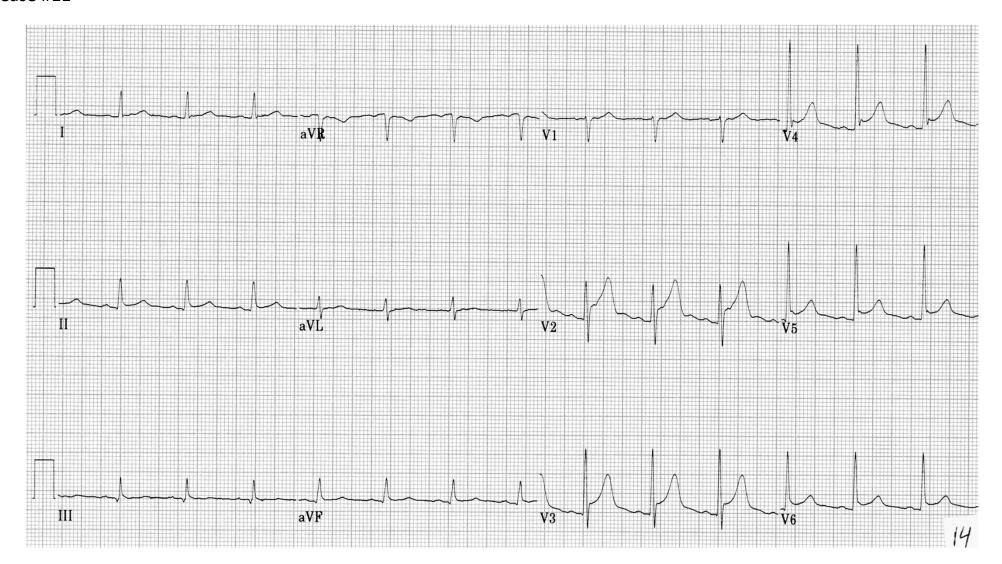
Case #7

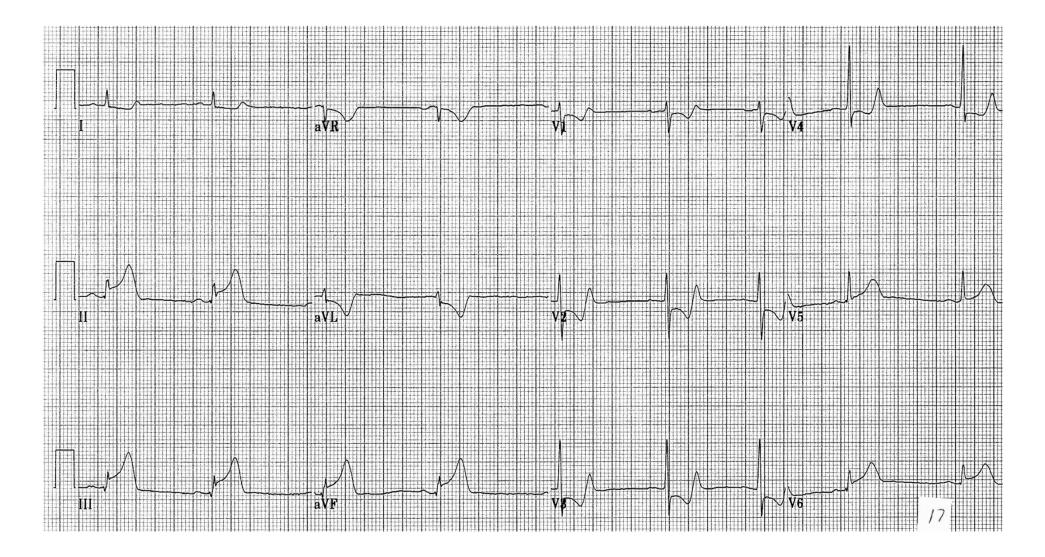


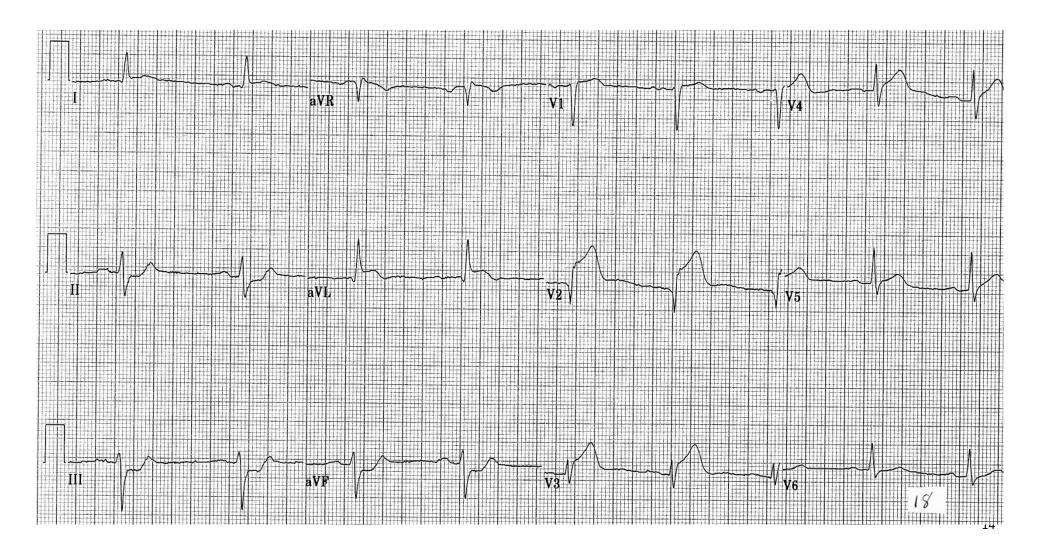












First-Degree AV Block



Rate: 60 -100 bpm

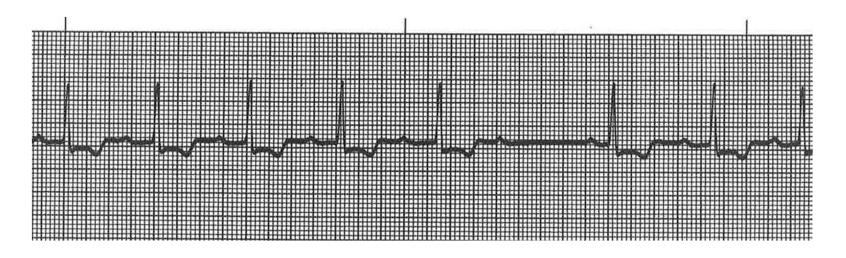
Rhy: Regular

P-wave: Sinus, one P wave to each QRS complex

PR: > 200 ms, fixed and prolonged

QRS: <120 ms

Second-Degree AV Block, Type I



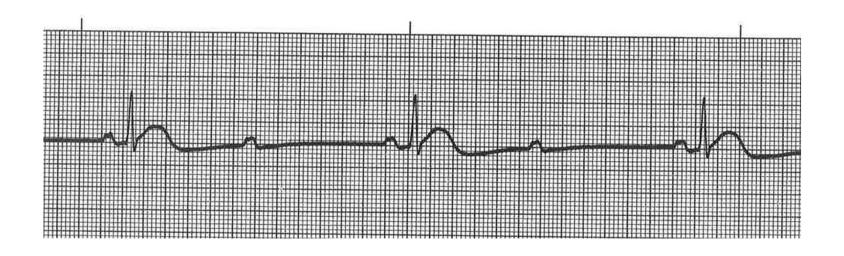
Rate: Atrial – sinus rate. Vent depends on conduction Rhy: Regular atrial rhythm, irregular ventricular rhy

P-wave: Sinus

PR: Progressively lengthens until P wave dropped

QRS: <120 ms

Second-Degree AV Block, Type II

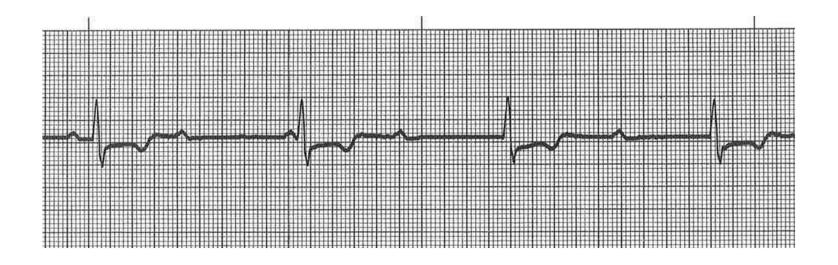


Rate: Atrial – sinus rate. Vent depends on conduction, slow Rhy: Regular atrial rhy. Vent usually reg, may be irregular P-wave: Sinus, 2+ P waves per QRS. Map out to each other

PR: Fixed, may be normal or prolonged

QRS: <120 ms usually but may be prolonged if at BB level

Third-Degree AV Block



Rate: Atrial at sinus rate. Vent: 40-60 if AV node, 20-40 if Vent

Rhy: Regular atrial rhy. Ventricular is regular usually

P-wave: Sinus but no consistent relationship with QRS. Can be

hidden in QRS, ST or T waves.

PR: Not consistent

QRS: <120 ms if at AV node, prolonged if at BB level

