

Medical Decision-making in 2021

- Number and complexity of problems addressed
 - Increased number and/or complexity associated with higher level of decision-making
 - Ranges from straightforward to low, moderate, and high
- Amount and/or complexity of data reviewed and analyzed
- Risk of complications and/or morbidity or mortality

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Time in 2021

May include all related activities on the day of encounter

Examples (not all inclusive):

- Preparing to see the patient (eg, review of tests)
- Obtaining and/or reviewing separately obtained history
- $\bullet\,$ Performing a medically appropriate examination and/or evaluation
- Counseling and educating the patient/family/caregiver
- Ordering medications, tests, or procedures
- Referring to and communicating with other healthcare professionals (when not separately reported)
- Documenting clinical information in the electronic or other health record

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Time in 2021 (cont'd)

New Patient	Total Time	Established Patient	Total Time
99201	Deleted	99211	
99202	15 - 29 minutes	99212	10 - 19 minutes
99203	30 - 44 minutes	99213	20 - 29 minutes
99204	45 - 59 minutes	99214	30 - 39 minutes
99205	60 - 74 minutes	99215	40 - 54 minutes

For prolonged services, use 99417 for 15 minutes (>75 minutes new patient, >55 minutes established patient)

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Documentation of Time

- Best practice start and stop for each component
- 99215
 - $\bullet\,$ 9:05-9:10 reviewed labs and patient food logs prior to visit
 - 9:10-9:40 patient in room for visit and education
 - 9:40-9:50 completed clinical information, ordered lab tests, and medication refill
 - 45 minutes total spent



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Codes

Polling Question Which of the A. E66.2 Severe obesity with alveolar following codes hypoventilation could imply bias around obesity? B. E66.0 Obesity due to excess calories C. E66.1 Drug-induced obesity D. E66.8 Obesity, unspecified

Obesity Codes

Practice Pearl:

With so many complications and comorbidities, I rarely use the BMI, except if using counseling codes with E&M

Code	Explanation	Code (ex)	Body Mass
E66.0	Obesity due to excess calories*	Z68.30	30.0-30.9kg
E66.01	Morbid or severe obesity due to	Z68.34	34.0-34.9kg
	excess calories*	Z68.38	38.0-38.9kg
E66.1	Drug-induced obesity	Z68.43	50.0-59.9kg
E66.2	Morbid or severe obesity with alveolar hypoventilation	200.43	(changes at
E66.3	Overweight		
E66.8	Obesity, other		
E66.9	Obesity, unspecified		

Index (BMI) g/m² kg/m² kg/m² after BMI 40)

Other Codes

Screening Z13.1 Encounter for screening for diabetes mellitus Encounter for metabolic and other endocrine disorders Z13.2 Z13.21 Encounter for screening for nutritional disorder Z13.29 Encounter for screening for other suspected endocrine disorder (includes thyroid disorder) Z13.228 Encounter for screening for lipoid disorders

Z71.89 Other specified counseling - exercise counseling Z71.3 Dietary counseling and surveillance

Documenting Time I	Properly
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Example Charting	
Assessment: Obesity E66.8 A/E BMI of 38.4 and waist circumference 51" – stage 2 based on BMI and obesity-related complications E11.65 Diabetes A/E by HbA1c 6.8 – treating with management of obesity, metformin, and SGIT2 11.00 Hypertension, controlled A/E by PB 10day of 128/86 – treating with management of obesity and medications (ACE inhibitor) F33.0 Depression, in remission A/E by PHQ9 of 4 – continuing vortioxetine E78.1 Hypertriglyceridemia (new onset) A/E by triglyceride of 230 mg/dL – treating with management of obesity, will monitor with repeat level in 6 months	
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Identifying Addition	al Services
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Example	
99215E66.8 ObesityE11.65 Diabetes	
I10.0 HypertensionF33.0 Depression	
E78.1 HypertriglyceridemiaZ71.3 Dietary Counseling and Surveillance	
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	IBT for Obesity Coding as a Non-preventative Service
Miscellaneous Things to Consider	Private insurers: perhaps opted out, already used, grandfather program (25% Bill a 99212, 99213, or 99214 for the visit using an obesity diagnosis and the complications of obesity that you addressed E66.XX depending on obesity diagnosis THEN modifier 25 (or for some insurers, modifier 33) Now add your counseling code: 99401, 99402, 99403, or 99404 each visit with 15, 30, 45, or 60 minutes Add the BMI as the diagnosis and what you performed for counseling Z71.xx & Z68.xx codes CHECK WITH YOUR BILLERS
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Example	Chronic Care Management
99214 • E66.8 Obesity • E11.65 Diabetes • I10.0 Hypertension • F33.0 Depression • E78.1 Hypertriglyceridemia Modifier 25 (if insurance has intensive behavior therapy (IBT)/ counseling available) 99401	CPT 99490, CPT 99487, CPT 99489 Clinical staff time directed by a physician or other qualified healthcare professional, per calendar month, with the following required elements: Multiple (two or more) chronic conditions expected to last at least 12 months, or until the death of the patient Chronic conditions place the patient at significant risk of death, acute exacerbation/decompensation, or functional decline Comprehensive care plan established, implemented, revised, or monitored Assumes XX minutes of work by the billing practitioner per month
• Z68.33	
Z71.3 Copyright © 2021 APA, TOS, IIP. All rights reserved.	Oh Health, https://outhealth.com/2020-cms-code-updates-drono-care-management-care/Azcessed August 13, 2021. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. https://www.zms.gov/outreach-and-education/medicare-learning-network-from/in/inproducts/devolonoids/chroniccare-management.pdf Accessed August 13, 2021. Copyright © 2021 AARA, TOS, IB- All rights reserved.
Remote Patient Monitoring (RPM) CPT 99453, 99454, 99457, and 99458 Use of digital technologies to monitor and capture medical/health data from patients and electronically transmit the information to their providers for assessment, recommendations, and instructions Payment for initial patient enrollment into an RPM program, and then a monthly base payment for management of the device and patient readings; 20 minutes of care management RPM can earn fees for a practice up to ~\$210 per month, but more likely \$120 RPM is not only payable by Medicare, but also 23 state Medicaid programs and numerous commercial payers AMA has many new codes related to RPM as well 99473 and 99474 – self-reported blood pressure monitoring Department of Insulh and Human Services. https://lamanames.com/public-inspection.feferingster gov/2018-24170.pdf Accessed August 13, 2021. Medical Economics. https://www.medicaecomosc.com/cent/lest-self-services/public-inspection.feferingster gov/2018-24170.pdf Accessed August 13, 2021. misseith 1400/gence. https://mbealthindlighus.com/ones/genchisens/gence/self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-	
Medicare Only	
Does not cover obesity for medical management as primary insurance Does cover surgical management With Medicare Advantage, some pay medical management Copyright © 2011 AAPA, TOS, IP, All rights reserved.	

Definition of IBT for Obesity

- Screening for obesity in adults using measurement of BMI
- Dietary (nutritional) assessment
- Intensive behavioral counseling and behavioral therapy to promote sustained weight loss through high intensity interventions on diet and exercise

Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid, IRT for Obesity, ICN 907800, January 2014

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Polling Question



What are the 5 As of Medicare Intensive Behavioral Therapy?

- A. Assess, Advise, Agree, Assist, Arrange
- B. Accomplish, Act, Adapt, Address, Analyze
- C. Answer, Anticipate, Appeal, Apply, Appraise
- D. Assess, Ask, Accept, Accommodate, Accompany

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Intensive Behavioral Therapy – 5As

Assess Ask about behavioral risks and factors affecting choice of behavior change goals or methods

Advise Give clear, specific, and personalized behavior change advice, including information about personal health harms and benefits

Collaboratively select appropriate treatment goals and methods based on the beneficiary's interest in, and willingness to, change behavior

Using behavior change techniques (self-help and/or counseling), aid the beneficiary in achieving agreed-upon goals by acquiring the skills, confidence, and social or environmental supports for behavior change, supplemented with adjunctive medical treatments when appropriate

Schedule follow-up contacts to provide ongoing assistance or support and to adjust the treatment

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component of coverage (G0447)Viewed as a preventative service

IBT for Medicare

Department of Health and Human Services. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid, IBT for Obesity, ICN 907800. January 2014.

Office Visit Frequency Reimbursement Schedule Established by Medicare

- One face-to-face visit every week for the first month
- One face-to-face visit every other week for months 2-6
- One face-to-face visit every month for months 7-12, if the beneficiary meets the 3 kg weight loss requirement during the first 6 months
 - Total of 22 visits

Agree

Δssist

Arrange

- Repeat of benefits annually
- Limited to outpatient and specific providers primary care providers

Documentation Required for IBT

 Document BMI and weight changes over multiple visits (beginning at 6 month as a minimum)

Medicare fee-for-service programs will waive the co-pay on the counseling

• No co-insurance and no Medicare part B deductible for IBT for obesity provided that the provider accepts Medicare assignment

- Code G0447 is for face-to-face behavioral counseling for obesity (15 minutes) individual
 - Document BMI Z68.XX
- Document Z counseling code(s) Z71.X
- Can be done in groups up to 10 people
 - Code is G0473 (30 minutes)
 - For more information, review the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations.
 Title 42: Public Health. Part 410: Supplementary Medical Insurance Benefits; Subpart B: Medical and Other Health Services
 - https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/textidx?SID=21d56c5acb0a61e6455127609a642c2a&mc=true&node=se42.2.410_126&rgn=div8

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Documentation and Billing Example: Medicare Documentation example in the follow-up visit plan of care . 15 minutes face-to-face spent with patient for IBT Reviewed patient's food tracking and activity for the past week Chief complaint: here for IBT based on initial BMI of 33 kg/m 2 · Subjective: Patient states he tracked food for past week and has been walking for 5 minutes each Patient was able to increase vegetable servings to two times a day without any problems Patient will increase walks to 10 minutes 3 days a week and continue at 5 minutes the other days · Next IBT appointment in one week Bill: Assessment: BMI 33 kg/m² • G0447 • Z68.33 • Z13.89 • Z71.3 **Preventative Services Coverage** • Obesity management/counseling visits could be billed as preventative service instead of medical services • Reimbursements are ~20%-35% greater • Patient does not have a co-pay with 90% of private insurers • Need to verify preventative services coverage beforehand (or will have to re-submit if denied @ - time consuming) **Coding When Preventative Services** Available in Insurance (Reference Only) Preventative Services Coverage: Coding Billing Follow-up: 38-year-old BMI 35 kg/m² • First visit 9938X (based on patient's age) - remember these are NOT just obesity so could • 99395 - Preventative care follow-up have used this for patient already (eg, well woman visit) • Z68.35 - BMI 35 kg/m² • Code follow-up visits as 9939X ("X "is 5, 6, or 7 depending on the patient's age) – these are in the limit of 20 – but again not obesity limited, so could be used for other reasons • Z72.4 - Inappropriate eating • Z71.3 - Counseling dietary · Must use a Z code Some examples include Z13.89 (screening for obesity); Z72.4 (inappropriate diet and eating); Z13.9 (screening unspecified); 200.8 (general medical exam); Z71.89(exercise counseling); Z71.3 (dietary surveillance and counseling) • Z71.89 - Counseling exercise • Some plans also code 9940X counseling codes • Do not code obesity!!!! E66.8 or morbid obesity E66.01 due to excess calories when Need to ensure documentation identifies all the Z-coded items were completed billing as a preventative service! $\bullet\,$ Must also code the Z68.xx with the xx corresponding to the BMI (eg, BMI 33 kg/m² Z68.33) Billing Follow-up: 38-year-old BMI 35 kg/m² (cont'd) **Documentation Sample** • 99213 – established patient – time: spent 35 minutes with patient Obesity E66.8 A/E BMI of 33kg/m² and waist circumference 46" F66.8 – Obesity other T2DM E11 A/E by HbA1c 6.6 – will treat by continuing current oral medications as none are obesogenic, discussing nutrition, and treating obesity • E11 - Type 2 diabetes • I10 - Essential hypertension HTM 110 — controlled A/E; BP 124/68 — will consider changing to ACE inhibitor as patient is on propranolol (which cou be contributing to weight) at next visit • 99401 – 15 minutes counseling specific to: Z68.35 – BMI 35 kg/m² Patient gave permission to discuss his weight and stated that his whole family has always had problems with weight, he would very much like to work on his weight • Z72.4 – Inappropriate eating · Z71.3 - Counseling dietary

- Z71.89 Counseling exercise

- He has one week of tracking in MyFitnessPal™, and this was reviewed at today's visit
- Currently he is eating fast food 15 times a week
- Patient instructions: track all food consumed, contracted to decrease fast food eating to 10 times a week by packing lunch from home with salad and chicken breast, start wearing pedometer to identify number of daily steps, and agre to park at the back of the lot at work next week
- Follow-up appointment next week

Applying Billing and Coding Using **Obesity Case Scenarios**

Thank you to Amy for the case studies

Case 1

Visit Type: New Patient

Chief Complaint: Establish care for management of obesity and metabolic syndrome

Medication: Naltrexone/bupropion XL 2 tablets/day, escitalopram 20 mg, rosuvastatin 10 mg

Vitals: BP 142/100 mmHg, Pulse 70 bpm, BMI 41.8 kg/m², Height 5'3", Weight 236 lbs

HPI: 46-year-old female with PMH of stage III obesity, prediabetes, HTN, hyperlipidemia, situational depression, generalized anxiety, and metabolic syndrome, referred from PCP for further optimization of BMI and metabolic health. She reports being tearful at times and struggling with motivation due to stressors of COVID-19.

Most Recent Labs 12/1/2020:

• HbA1c 5.8, TG 180 mg/dL, HDL 39 mg/dL, renal function WNL, liver enzymes WNL, 25-OH vitamin D 22 ng/mL, fasting insulin 40 mIU/mL, glucose 141 mg/dL

Focused ROS

- Fatigue
- Snoring
- · Lack of motivation

- Alert and oriented female, tearful
- · Neck circumference increased
- Skin tags noted on axilla

Plan/Assessment:

- Multifactorial
 Need to evaluate for OSA
- · Impacted by insulin resistance, pre-diabetes
- No significantly obesogenic medications
 Reviewed that 40-70% of weight set point impacted by genetics and how genetics interact with environmental factors

- Not optimized
 Denies SI/HI
- . No family history of bipolar disorder
- Adjust SSRI to alternate 20 mg/10 mg; reviewed to take daily without skipping dose
 Directly impacts care plan for optimization of obesity

Stage III obesity with BMI 41.8 kg/m² and ORC: not

- Obesity management not to goal with current BMI 41.8 kg/m², triglycerides 180 mg/dL, HDL at 39 mg/dL, HbA1c 5.8, and WC 36 inches
- Starting goal for BMI for individual is 10% weight reduction of 24 lbs
- Goal for metabolic labs: TG <150 mg/dL, HDL >40 mg/dL, HbA1c <5.7, HOMA IR <2 (needing lab orders), WC <35
- Continue naltrexone/bupropion XL at 2 tablets; impacts dosing of SSRI

HOMA, homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; ORC, obesity-relat selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor; WC, waist circumference.

Plan/Assessment:

- Will need evaluation for sleep apnea in future as directly impacts hunger hormones
 Reviewed briefly with patient to "plant the seed" for the referral, but will not be initiated today as to not overwhelm

Directly impacts care plan of optimization of BMI and management of obesity

- Most recent labs reviewed showing HbA1c 6.1
- HOMA IR calculated, HOMA IR 13.9
- Will optimize metformin dosing
- May benefit from GLP-1 RA
- · Impacts lifestyle optimization

- Records reviewed and show BP elevated at PCP
- Peer to peer with PCP completed, patient will see him tomorrow for follow-up on initiation of BP management
 Will monitor BP closely; as BP improves and BMI lowers, medication adjustments may be needed

Medical Decision Making

- Number and complexity of problems addressed
- Amount and/or complexity of data to be reviewed/analyzed
- Risk of complications and/or morbidity or mortality of patient management

CASE 1:

Step 1: Number and Complexity of Problems Addressed

Code	Level of MDM	Number and Complexity of Problems Addressed
99202 99212	Straightforward	Minimal 1 self-limited or minor problems
99203 99212	Low	Low 2 to r more self-limited or minor problems OR 1 stable chronic illness OR 1 acute, uncomplicated illness or injury
99204 99214	Moderate	Moderate 1 or more chronic illnesses with exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment; OR 2 or more stable chronic illnesses; OR 1 undiagnosed new problem with uncertain prognosis; OR 1 acute lilness with systemic symptoms; OR 1 acute complicate
99205 99215	High	High 1 for more chronic illnesses with severe exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment; or 1 scute or chronic illness or injury that poses a threat to life or bodily function

What are you coding this?

Step One

Step 2: Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed and Analyzed

Code	Level of MDM	Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed	
99202 99212	Straightforward	Minimal or None	
		Limited (Must meet the requirements of at least 1 of the 2 categories)	
		Category 1: Tests and documents Any combination of 2 from the following:	
		☐ Review of prior external note(s) from each unique source*;	
99203	Low	☐ Review of the result(s) of each unique test*	
99212	2011	☐ Ordering of each unique test	
		OR	
		Category 2:	
		☐ Assessment requiring an independent historian	

Step 2: Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed Level of MDM Code Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed Moderate (Must meet the requirements of at least 1 out of 3 categories) ☐ Review of prior external note(s) from each unique source*; ☐ Review of the result(s) of each unique test*; □ Ordering of each unique test*; ☐ Assessment requiring an independent historian Category 2: Independent interpretation of tests Independent interpretation of a test performed by another physician/other qualified healthcare professional (not separately reported); Category 3: Discussion of management of test interpretation Discussion of management or test interpretation with external physician/other qualified healthcare professional\appropriate source (not separately reported) Step 2: Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Step 2 what did you code? Reviewed or Analyzed Level of MDM Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed Extensive (Must meet the requirements of at least 2 out of 3 categories) ☐ Review of the result(s) of each unique test*; ☐ Ordering of each unique test*; Assessment requiring an independent historian Independent interpretation of a test performed by another physician/other qualified healthcare professional (not separately reported): Category 3: Discussion of management of test interpretation Discussion of management or test interpretation with external physician/other qualified healthcare professional\appropriate source (not separately reported) Step 3 coding Step 3: Risk of Complications and/or Morbidity or **Mortality of Patient Management** Level of MDM Number and Complexity of Problems Addressed Straightforward Minimal risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment Low risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment Moderate risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment Examples only: Based on MDM what could you code for this 99204 99214 Prescription orug management Decision regarding minor surgery with identified patient or procedure risk factors Decision regarding elective major surgery without identified patient or procedure risk factors Diagnosis or treatment significantly limited by social determinants of health Moderate patient? □ Drug therapy requiring intensive monitoring for toxicity 99205 99215 Decision regarding elective major surgery with identified patient or procedure risk factors Decision regarding emergency major surgery Decision regarding hospitalization ☐ Decision not to resuscitate or to de-escalate care because of poor prognosis • Preparing to see the patient (eg, review of tests): 10 minutes reviewing intake form (7:50-8:00am) Total time spent on • Obtaining and/or reviewing separately obtained history: date of encounter was 10 minutes reviewing past records (8:00-8:10am) 90 minutes, including preparing to see patient · Performing a medically appropriate examination and/or (review of tests), evaluation/counseling and educating the patient/ family/caregiver: 40 minutes face to face (8:30-9:10am) obtaining/reviewing Ordering medications, tests, or procedures: intake form, performing medical evaluation, 5 minutes (12:10-12:15pm) counseling and Referring and communicating with other healthcare education, ordering professionals (when not separately reported): **10 minutes** (12:00-12:10pm) test/medication, and documenting of clinical · Documenting clinical information in the electronic or other information. health record: 15 minutes (4:30-4:45pm)

Time Based



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Prolonged Service Code

Prolonged Service Code - 99417

Less than 75 minutes: Not reported separately
 89 minutes: 99205 X 1 and 99417 X 1
 104 minutes 99205 X 1 and 99417 X 2

In order to bill 99417, the entire 15 minutes will need to be completed/used.

Remember, pending payer will impact billing of prolonged service code.

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Time Based

CODES	MINUTES	PAYER
99205	60-74	All
<u>99205</u> + <u>99417</u>	89	Non-Medicare Payers
<u>99205</u> + <u>G2212</u>	89-103	Medicare and Payers Adopting Medicare Guidelines
99215	40-54	All
<u>99215</u> + <u>99417</u>	69	Non-Medicare Payers
99215 + G2212	83	Medicare and Payers Adopting Medicare Guidelines

Based on Time what could you code for this patient with private insurance?

Would you code MDM or Time for this patient?

Case 2

Case 2

Visit Type: New Patient

Chief Complaint: Establish care for abnormal weight gain and obesity

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Medication}: metformin 500 mg oral tablet-one pobid, duloxetine HCL-90 mg nightly, semaglutide 3 mg \\ \end{tabular}$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Vitals}: Height 5 ft 0 ins, Weight 226 lbs, BMI \\ 44.13 kg/m^2, BP 128/77 mmHg, Pulse 76 bpm \end{tabular}$

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HPI

52-year-old female with PMH prediabetes, major depressive disorder, generalized anxiety, PVCs, metabolic syndrome, and class III obesity

Reports increase in weight gain during surgical menopause following total hysterectomy in 2017

Reports she became depressed and so anxious she would burst out crying at any given time or place

Reports significant weight gain and admits struggling with emotional eating

Works closely with patients with COVID-19 patients and states she never anticipated to be witness to so much devastation at once

States she is no stranger to death, as she was a trauma tech for over 12 years, but COVID-19 was different and overwhelming

States "I've been the person standing in their room at their side because no one was allowed in, and many times it was too late when family finally got there (in special circumstances)

History weight reduction with lifestyle changes, but always has regained Gastric sleeve in 2016 with weight prior to the procedure 213 lbs, and her lowest weight after the procedure at 165 lbs

Reports she is currently at her highest weight

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- Fasting insulin 27 uIU/mL
- TC 211 mg/dL
- TG 138 mg/dL
- HDL 63 mg/dL
- HbA1c 5.7

- · Lack of motivation
- Fatigue
- Weight gain

- Vitamin D 38.5 ng/dL • Glucose 87 mg/dL

- Renal function WNL
 HOMA IR calculated 5.8

- Alert and oriented female, tearful
- Neck circumference increased
- · Acanthus Nigricans
- Adult acne

Plan/Assessment

- Currently struggling with feeling unmotivated and no desire to leave the house
 States this last year working as an ER tech and the number of deaths was overwhelming
 No family history of bipolar disorder; duloxetine only treatment; denies SI/HI
- Will reduce duloxetine to 60 mg, add on sertraline 25 mg x 1 week, then reduce duloxetine to 30 mg and increase sertraline to 50 mg
 Follow up weekly during medication adjustments
- Recommend she reaches out to look at what resources her work is providing for counseling support Directly impacts care plan for optimization of BMI and metabolic health as it impacts ability to make lifestyle changes

Stage III Obesity with BMI and ORC: not to goal

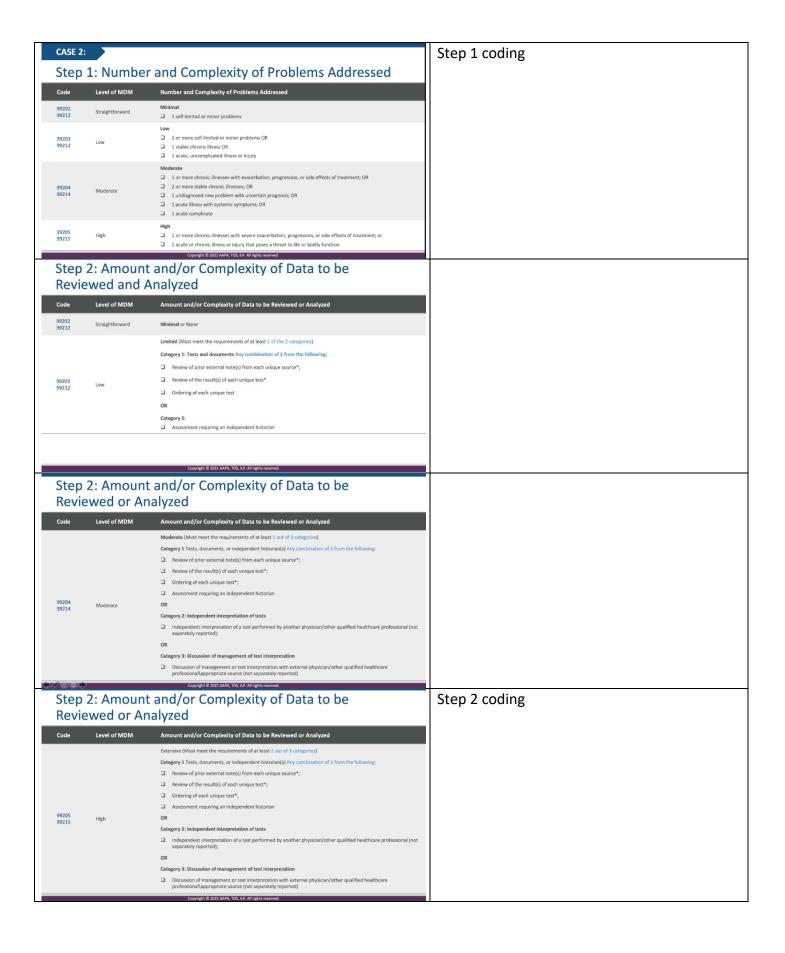
- Obesity management not to goal with current BMI at 44.3 kg/m², HbA1c 5.7
 Starting goal for BMI for individual is 10% weight reduction of 23 lbs; goal for metabolic labs: HbA1c <5.7, HOMA IR <2, WC <35 inches Labs: reviewed from 3/2021
- Anti-obesity medication (AOM): purpose of medication management is to treat the disease of obesity and facilitate the management of eating behavior, as well as slow the progression of weight gain and regain
- On GLP-1 for prediabetes; will optimize for BMI and HbA1c reduction
- Specialist referral: will likely need OSA evaluation, will follow up at future office visit
 Reviewed information on lifestyle optimization with elevated BMI and prediabetes
 Handouts shared on meal planning

Plan/Assessment

- Directly impacts care plan of optimization of BMI and management of obesity
- · Labs reviewed: records reviewed

- Labs reviewed: HbA1c 5.7, HOMA IR 5.8
- PCP records reviewed: recent discontinuation of exenatide and adjusted to semaglutide 3 mg; started semaglutide on March 3 reminded her to take on an empty stomach; currently on 3 mg and will increase to 7 mg after 30 days
- Recommend optimizing dosing to 14 mg for primary and secondary endpoint goals; impacts AOM options
- May optimize metformin dosing
 Goal Hba1c <5.7, HOMA IR <2

- · Records from cardiology reviewed; history of benign PVC
- No contraindication to AOMs



Step 3: Risk of Com Mortality of Patien	nplications and/or Morbidity or	Step 3 coding
	mber and Complexity of Problems Addressed	
00000	imal risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment	
99203	risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment	
99212 Mo	derate risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment	
99204 Moderate	mples only: Prescription drug management Decision regarding minor surgery with identified patient or procedure risk factors Decision regarding elective major surgery without identified patient or procedure risk factors Diagnosis or treatment significantly limited by social determinants of health	Based on MDM what could you code for this patient?
99205 High	h risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment riples Only: Drug therapy requiring intensive monitoring for toxicity Decision regarding elective major surgery with identified patient or procedure risk factors Decision regarding emergency major surgery Decision regarding hospitalization Decision regarding hospitalization Decision regarding hospitalization Decision regarding to study the surgery	
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	 Preparing to see the patient (eg, review of tests, reviewing intake form): 10 minutes (7:30-7:40am) 	Based on Time what could you code for this patient with private insurance?
Total time spent on date of encounter was 58 minutes, including preparing to see	 Obtaining and/or reviewing separately obtained history: 10 minutes reviewing past records (7:40-7:50am) 	
patient (review of tests), obtaining/reviewing intake form, performing medical evaluation, counseling and education, ordering	 Performing a medically appropriate examination and/or evaluation/counseling and educating the patient/family/caregiver: 25 minutes face to face (11:00-11:25am) 	
tests/medication, and documenting of clinical information.	 Ordering medications, tests, or procedures: 5 minutes (12:10-12:15pm) 	Would you code MDM or Time for this patient?
	 Documenting clinical information in the electronic or other health record: 8 minutes (4:30-4:38pm) 	
CASE 3	Copyright © 2021 AAPA, TOS, IJP. Af rights reserved.	
Case 3		
	Visit Type: Follow up, established patient	
	Chief Complaint: Follow up on medication changes	
	Medication: Metformin 500 mg oral tablet – one po bid, duloxetine HCL - 30 mg nightly, sertraline 50 mg, semaglutide 7 mg	
	Vitals: Height 5 ft 0 in, Weight 225 lbs, BMI 43.96 kg/m², BP 128/78 mmHg, Pulse 72 bpm	
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НРІ	52-year-old female with PMH of prediabetes, major depressive disorder, generalized anxiety, PVCs, metabolic syndrome, and class III obesity returns for follow-up on medication changes and continued comprehensive care plan for abnormal weight gain and excessive adiposity	
	Motivated to continue focusing on a comprehensive care plan to combat elevated BMI and adiposity related complications	
	States mood has already improved and no side effects (SEs) to medication changes Has an appointment with the counseling support provided	
	through work this week	
	States increase in motivation and "feeling happier"	
	Completed PHQ9 and Mood Disorder Questionnaire (MDQ) and here to review results	
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Plan/Assessment

- Struggling with feeling unmotivated and has no desire to leave the house; this has improved with start of sertraline
 Denies SI/HI

- MDQ (negative) and PHQ9 reviewed (moderate)
 Reduced duloxetine to 30 mg and taking 50 mg of sertraline; will discontinue duloxetine next week and continue sertraline and reach out if any 5Es via patient portal

Stage III Obesity with BMI and ORC: improved, not to goal

- Obesity management not to goal with current BMI
 Starting goal for BMI for individual is 10% weight reduction of 23 lbs (203 lbs)
 Goal metabolic labs to be: HbA1c <5.7, HOMA IR <2, WC <35 in
 Labs: reviewed from 3/2021, due in June

- Labs: reviewed from 3/20/1, due in June
 AOM: the purpose of medication management is to treat the disease of obesity and facilitate the management of eating behavior, as well as slow the progression of weight gain and regain
 On GIP-1 for prediabetes; will optimize for BMI and HBA1c reduction; just started semaglutide 7 mg, no SEs, tolerating well, discussed with PCP and will take over treatment
 ORC: prediabetes
 Specialist referral: will likely need OSA evaluation, will follow up at future office visit

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- Directly impacts care plan of optimization of BMI and management of obesity
- Labs reviewed; records reviewed
- · Confirmed she received and reviewed handout on reduced carbohydrates and whole food nutrition

- $\bullet\,$ Continue semaglutide 7 mg and after 30 days, optimize dose to 14 mg for primary and secondary endpoint goals; reviewed off-label use and patient states understanding; impacts AOM options
- May optimize metformin dosing; will wait as currently making medication adjustments
- Goal HbA1c <5.7; goal HOMA IR <2

CASE 2:

Step 1: Number and Complexity of Problems Addressed

Code	Level of MDM	Number and Complexity of Problems Addressed
99202 99212	Straightforward	Minimal 1 self-limited or minor problems
99203 99212	Low	Low 2 or more self-limited or minor problems OR 1 stable chronic Illness OR 1 acute, uncomplicated illness or injury
99204 99214	Moderate	Moderate 1 or more chronic illnesses with exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment; OR 2 or more stable chronic illnesses; OR 1 undiagnosed new problem with uncertain prognosis; OR 1 acute illness with systemic symptoms; OR 1 acute complicate
99205 99215	High	High 1 or more chronic illnesses with severe exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment; or 1 acute or chronic illness or injury that poses a threat to life or bodily function

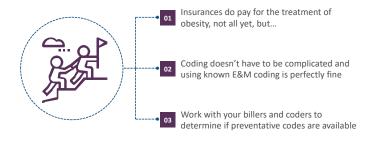
Step 2: Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed and Analyzed

Code	Level of MDM	Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed	
99202 99212	Straightforward	Minimal or None	
		Limited (Must meet the requirements of at least 1 of the 2 categories)	
		Category 1: Tests and documents Any combination of 2 from the following:	
		☐ Review of prior external note(s) from each unique source*;	
99203	Low	☐ Review of the result(s) of each unique test*	
99212	2011	☐ Ordering of each unique test	
		OR	
		Category 2:	
		☐ Assessment requiring an independent historian	

Step 1 coding

Step 2: Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed Level of MDM Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed Moderate (Must meet the requirements of at least 1 out of 3 categories) ☐ Review of the result(s) of each unique test*; ☐ Ordering of each unique test*; ☐ Assessment requiring an independent historian Category 2: Independent interpretation of tests Discussion of management or test interpretation with external physician/other qualified healthcare professional\appropriate source (not separately reported) Step 2 coding Step 2: Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed Level of MDM Amount and/or Complexity of Data to be Reviewed or Analyzed ☐ Review of prior external note(s) from each unique source*; Review of the result(s) of each unique test*; ☐ Ordering of each unique test*; ☐ Assessment requiring an independent historian Category 2: Independent interpretation of tests Independent interpretation of a test performed by another physician/other qualified healthcare professional (not separately reported); Category 3: Discussion of management of test interpretation Discussion of management or test interpretation with external physician/other qualified healthcare professional\appropriate source (not separately reported) Step 3 Step 3: Risk of Complications and/or Morbidity or Mortality of Patient Management Level of MDM Number and Complexity of Problems Addressed Straightforward Minimal risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment Low risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment Moderate risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment ☐ Prescription drug management Prescription drug management Decision regarding minor surgery with identified patient or procedure risk factors Decision regarding ellective major surgery without identified patient or procedure risk factors Diagnosis or treatment significantly limited by social determinants of health High risk of morbidity from additional diagnostic testing or treatment High Decision regarding elective major surgery with identified patient or procedure risk factors Based on Step 1, 2, and 3 MDM how would ☐ Decision regarding emergency major surgery Decision regarding hospitalization Decision not to resuscitate or to de-escalate care because of poor prognosis you bill this visit? Based on Time how would you bill this visit? Preparing to see the patient (eg, review of tests, reviewing intake form): 10 minutes (7:30-7:40am) Total time spent on date of encounter Performing a medically appropriate examination and/or was 65 minutes, evaluation/counseling and educating the including preparing to patient/family/caregiver: 25 minutes face to face (11:00see patient (review of 11:25am) tests), obtaining/ Ordering medications, tests, or procedures: reviewing intake form, 5 minutes (12:10-12:15pm) performing medical Referring and communicating with other healthcare evaluation, counseling professionals (when not separately reported): and education, ordering Could you use prolonged service time? 15 minutes (12:00-12:15pm) tests/medication, and documenting of clinical Documenting clinical information in the electronic or information. other health record: 10 minutes (4:30-4:40 pm) Would you use time or MDM for this visit?

Practice Notes/Pearls



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