Media Interviews

Brett Bruen

President of the Global Situation Room®, Inc



Hello!



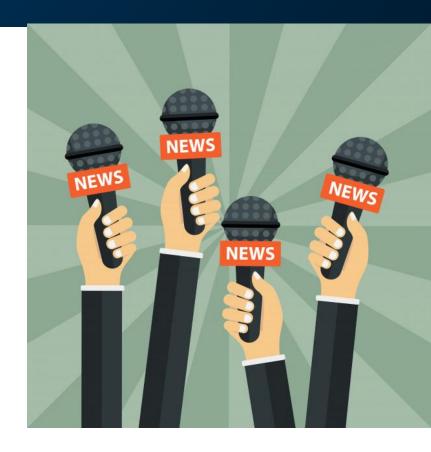
Who am I?

- Currently run a public relations agency & we help to support AAPA
- Teach crisis communications at Georgetown University
- Write columns for PR News and Business Insider
- Formerly served as Director of Global Engagement at the White House
- Was an American diplomat for twelve years, working as a spokesperson at US embassies in Iraq, Madagascar, and Ivory Coast



Our Session

- Message
- Rules of the Road
- Print Interviews
- Broadcast Interviews





What's your message

- Spend the time to boil down your main point to a simple, sticky phrase
 - That's your main point, other messages are branches
- Don't try to pack in too much and avoid details
 - How would your kids describe it to a friend?
- Not what you want to say, it's how the target audience needs to hear it
 - What can they relate to? Are there analogies that apply?
- Consider the news angle and how your message fits in
 - What's the context and connection?



An Example

The Start

 Our organization increased efficiency by 115% percent over the last year, because of our QRF process that was implemented across all offices, including in the sub-remote spaces.

The Simple

 Children across our community got an extra 30 minutes with their parents tonight, thanks to the hard work of our team.



On the record, on background, off the record...

On the record

Reporters can use what you say and attribute it directly to you

On background

Reporters can use what you say, but not attribute it directly to you

Off the record

Reporters can be aware of what you share, but not mention it in their coverage



Background information goes on background

- Educate the reporter/producer before starting the interview
- Will improve the quality of questions
- Set ground rules for what will be covered
- Don't waste your quote sharing facts and figures
- Instead, your quote should convey your/your organization's perspective on the situation
- The rest can be shared on background, allowing the reporter to use it, but still maximizes the media opportunity



Few words of caution

- Everything you say can be used, keep your guard up even after the interview
- Microphones should always be treated as if they're on
- Research the reporter, outlet before accepting an interview understand their bias
- Use a communications professional as intermediary, if you have one
- Ask who else they are interviewing, what else they have heard on the topic
- Reporters may try to ask loaded questions, defuse or deflect them
- Keep interviews short, focused



Reporters

- They increasingly have very short deadlines
- Tend to have a critical, even cynical eye
- Looking for an angle, hook, or a news peg meaning it has to relate to something their bosses consider news worth
- Clicks are driving a lot of the coverage today, so they are interested in headlines people will be curious to open
- Some have "beats" or broad areas of specialty like health
- Most are on general assignment, meaning they cover anything any everything





Print Interview Tips



Opening

- Before it starts, ask the reporter a few questions not related to topic
- No matter what the first question is, always pivot to what you want to say first
- Allows you to frame the discussion going forward





During

- Repeat, repeat, repeat your core message
- Put technical details on background, everything on record can be used
- Use simple language
- Flag your most important points
- Personal anecdotes and vibrant language to illustrate key messages





Deflecting/Declining

- Acknowledge line of inquiry and shift to core message
- If reporter presses again, rinse and repeat
- Keep the reporter on topic
- "This isn't my area of expertise" is always an acceptable answer





Summarizing

- Don't let reporter go before you reinforce your main message
- "I want to come back to the main takeaways"
- Take chance to rephrase and tighten up answers to questions
- Thank the reporter for their interest and time





Broadcast Interview Tips



Setting up at Home - Video

- Computer camera at eye-level
- Light source behind camera
- Close all blinds and shades
- Do not set up in front of a plain background





Setting up at Home - Audio

- Do not set up outside
- Quiet room with no distractions
- Bedrooms work well to avoid echo
- Turn off alarms, alerts, phone, other devices that could go off





Getting Set

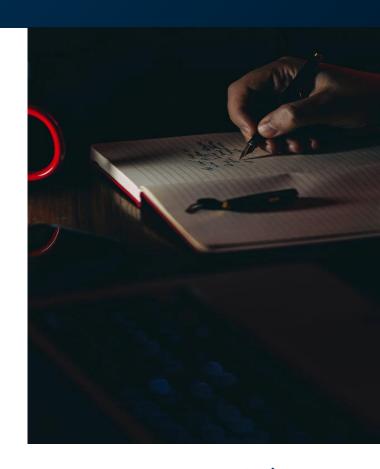
- Look directly at camera, smile and nod head slowly when not talking
- Place hands together, raise them gently to make points, don't touch mic
- Avoid clothes with lines & patterns and take off glasses
- Use solid color jackets, blue is the best





Before - Script

- Envision the ideal interview and script the start of what you want to say
- Should be no more than 1 key point and a clever phrase
- Prepare at least 1 page of points
- Have several versions of answers to the same question





Before - Counters

- Ask yourself what the most challenging questions might be
- Everyone has fallback words, think of alternatives instead
- Practice saying key points out loud
- Get a feel for which points should emphasized and where to add gestures





During - General Guidelines

- No matter the question, stick to your frame
- Always repeat your key points
- Interviewers often don't have familiarity with your issue
- Simple vocabulary
- Avoid complicated conversations and stay at a 10,000 foot level





During - Speaking Tips

- Don't have to answer the question asked, you can drive the discussion with pivots
- If you make a mistake, don't pause just move on
- Don't have to say anything when interviewer thanks you for joining
- No "that's a great question", dive straight into points
- Pause instead of umm





During - Wrapping Up

- If the interviewer speaks towards the end of the interview, they are likely wrapping up
- Quickly conclude or you'll get cut off
- When interviewer says "we only have a few seconds", they probably have more
- They're signaling that you should give a short response





In Summary

- It's like sailing, you set your mark on the horizon and tact back and forth as the winds shift – always staying the course
- Unlike other presentations you may have done, media interviews are less about the content and more about creative twists of a phrase, performance
- Make it personal, less about a policy or process
- Focus less on the question that was asked and more on what you would like to say
- Remember to repeat, repeat, and repeat again



