





Disclosures: Keshav Khanijow, MD - I have no relevant relationships with ineligible companies* to disclose within the past 24 months. Chris Waybright, MSN, FNP-C - I have no relevant relationships with ineligible companies* to disclose within the past 24 months.















Define the Terms: <u>Cisgender</u>: Gender identity and/or gender role "matches" the individuals sex assigned at birth. <u>Gender Dysphoria</u>: The distress felt due to mismatch between gender identity and sex assigned at birth. <u>Gender Affirmative Care</u>: Social, psychological, behavioral, or medical Interventions designed to support and affirm an individual's gender identity.



Sex is also not a binary

- Some egg or sperm may lack a sex chromosome or have an extra one (XXY, XYY, XO)
- Differences of sex development (DSD)
 - Congenital conditions in which development of chromosomal, gonadal or anatomic sex is atypical
- Intersex
 - An identity term used by some individuals with DSD
 - Some identify as transgender while some do not

Intersex Society of North America, 2008



















Transsexual	Transgender, TransWoman,
	TransMan, Man/Woman
Sex " Reassignment "	Gender Affirmation
Surgery or Hormones	Surgery or Hormones
MTF, FTM	Assigned Male at Birth <u>(AMAB)</u> Assigned Female at Birth <u>(AFAB)</u>





8/4/2022



Transitioning is unique to each individual

- Medical affirmation
- Surgical affirmation
- Transitions or none
- One person is not more trans than another
- Each person needs to find their own way

Transitioning is unique to each individual

- Medical affirmation
- Surgical affirmation
- Transitions or none
- One person is not more trans than another
- Each person needs to find their own way

ALL ARE EQUALLY VALID

ALL DECREASE GENDER DYSPHORIA

ALL INCREASE QUALITY OF LIFE

Candidates for gender affirming hormone therapy

- Persistent, well-documented gender dysphoria
- · Capacity to make decisions
- Standard vs. informed consent for treatment
- Age of majority in a given country
- Well controlled medical or mental health concerns

man, et al. The Standards of Care, 7th edition, WPATH

Gender Affirming Hormone Therapy (GAHT)

Transgender Females		Transgender Males
Feminizing therapies	Anti-androgen therapies	Masculinizing therapies
 PO Estradiol Valerate IM Estradiol Valerate IM Estradiol Cypionate TD Estrogen PO Progesterone 	 PO Spironolactone PO Finasteride IM/SC GnRH analogue 	 Gel/Cream/ IM/SC/ Patch for Testosterone
Deutsch M	IB. UCSF Transgender Care & Treatment Guidelines,	2016

Risks associated with GAHT

Transgender women	Transgender men
High risk: Thromboembolic disease	Very high risk: Erythrocytosis
Moderate risk: Macroprolactinoma Breast cancer Coronary artery disease Cerebrovascular disease Cholelithiasis Hypertriglyceridemia	Moderate risk: Severe liver dysfunction Coronary artery disease Cerebrovascular disease Hypertension Breast or uterine cancer
H Asscheman, et	ree, et al. JCEM 2017 al. Eur J Endocinol. 2011 al. Ann Intern Med. 2018



Risks associated with GAHT

Transgender women	Transgender men
High risk: Thromboembolic disease	High risk: Erythrocytosis
	Moderate risk: Severe liver dysfunction Coronary artery disease Cerebrovascular disease Hypertension Breast or uterine cancer
W Her	mbree, et al. JCEM 2017



Clinical Considerations for Transgender Patients: Gender Affirming Surgeries



Surgical risk and GAHT

- No association of increased risk of VTE/complications with testosterone
 - Hematoma after chest surgery (non-significant)
- No associations of negative surgical outcomes with spironolactone
- Inconsistent data linking estrogen and thrombosis in perioperative period
 - Supportive evidence to discontinue therapy is based on oral estrogen regimens
 - Discuss pros and cons of discontinuing treatment

E Boskey, et al. JAMA Surg. 2019
Inpatient care of transgender patients













Your patient is therapeutic on anticoagulation and ready for discharge. She expresses deep concern that you will discontinue her estrogen as this has significantly alleviated her gender dysphoria.

How would you proceed?

A) Instruct the patient to <u>stop taking estrogen.</u> A history of DVT is an absolute contraindication.

B) Instruct the patient to <u>continue taking transdermal</u> <u>estrogen</u> until the patient sees PCP in 1-2 weeks for hospital follow-up

C) Instruct the patient to <u>stop taking estradiol valerate</u> until the patient sees PCP in 1-2 weeks for hospital follow-up



Your patient is therapeutic on anticoagulation and ready for discharge. She expresses deep concern that you will discontinue her estrogen as this has significantly alleviated her gender dysphoria.

How would you proceed?

A) Instruct the patient to <u>stop taking estrogen.</u> A history of DVT is an absolute contraindication.

B) Instruct the patient to <u>continue taking transdermal</u> <u>estrogen</u> until the patient sees PCP in 1-2 weeks for hospital follow-up

C) Instruct the patient to **<u>stop taking estradiol valerate</u>** until the patient sees PCP in 1-2 weeks for hospital follow-up







It is your first day working with the patient, and he is stable for discharge.

Upon reconciling his home medications, you note that his home Truvada (Tenofovir-Emtricitabine) has been held for the past 5 days. Should you restart this on discharge?

- A) Yes his GFR is normal
- B) No he recently had an AKI
- C) <u>No</u> it will increase his risk of unprotected sex



It is your first day working with the patient, and he is stable for discharge.

Upon reconciling his home medications, you note that his home Truvada (Tenofovir-Emtricitabine) has been held for the past 5 days. Should you restart this on discharge?

- A) <u>Yes</u> his GFR is normal
- B) No he recently had an AKI
- C) <u>No</u> it will increase his risk of unprotected sex







<u>ID</u>: 30yo Man brought to ED by Boyfriend

<u>CC:</u> Lower Abdominal Pain

ED Course:

- Intermittent cramping abd pain x 1 day
- Episode of Urinary Incont. at Home
- Sexually Active with Boyfriend
- Ran out of insurance no BP meds, no Gender-Affirming Testosterone for 8 month.



- <u>ID</u>: 30yo Man (AFAB) brought to ED by Boyfriend
- <u>CC:</u> Lower Abdominal Pain
 - Intermittent cramping abd pain x 1 day
 - Episode of Urinary Incont. at Home
 - Sexually Active with Boyfriend
 - Ran out of insurance no BP meds, <u>no Gender</u>. [^]firmina <u>Testosterone</u> for 8 month.





Diagnosis: Pre-eclampsia

A provider comes to evaluate the patient for H&P and realizes the patient:

- identifies as a transgender male (listed as "male" in chart) with positive B-HCG
- Bedside ultrasound is performed confirming pregnancy







REFERENCES



1. Unless otherwise specified, Image Credits: multiple sources from Unsplash

- 2. Gates, JG. Gallup, 2018. Retrieved from: <u>https://news.gallup.com/poll/234863/estimate-lgbt-population-rises.aspx</u>
- 3. HealthyPeople2020. Retrieved from: https://www.healthypeople.gov/2020/topics-objectives/topic/lesbian-gay-bisexual-and-transgender-health
- 4. Hatzenbuehler ML, Bellatorre A, Lee Y, Finch BK, Muennig P, Fiscella K. Structural stigma and all-cause mortality in sexual minority populations. Soc Sci Med. 2014;103:33-41.
- NPR/Robert Wood Johnson Foundation/Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Discrimination in America: Experiences and Views of LGBTQ Americans, January 26 April 9, 2017.Retrieved from: <u>https://www.npr.org/documents/2017/nov/npr-discrimination-lgbtq-final.pdf</u>
- 6. Pan, Laydyn, Moore, Anna. Gender Unicorn. Retrieved from: <u>https://www.transstudent.org/gender/</u>
- Goldstein Z, Khan M, Reisman T, Safer JD. Managing the risk of venous thromboembolism in transgender adults undergoing hormone therapy. J Blood Med. 2019;10:209-216. Published 2019 Jul 10. doi:10.2147/JBM.S166780
- 8. Deutsch M., Overview of feminizing hormone therapy. <u>https://transcare.ucsf.edu/guidelines/feminizing-hormone-therapy</u>
- 9. Shatzel JJ, Connelly KJ, DeLoughery TG. Thrombotic issues in transgender medicine: a review. Am J Hematol 2017; 92: 204e8
- 10. Bauer K., How would you manage VTE risk in a transgender patient who needs hormone replacement therapy?. ASH Clinical News. Feb 2018 https://www.ashclinicalnews.org/education/manage-vte-risk-transgender-patient-needs-hormone-replacement-therapy-2/
- 11. HIV prevention pill not reaching most Americans who could benefit especially people of color. March 2018. https://www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/newsroom/2018/croi-2018-PrEPpress-release.html
- Finlayson T, Cha S, Xia M, et al. Changes in HIV Preexposure Prophylaxis Awareness and Use Among Men Who Have Sex with Men 20 Urban Areas, 2014 and 2017. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2019;68:597–603. DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.mm6827a1</u>

13. The Regents of the University of California, Davis Campus, 2022. Retrieved July 7, 2022 from https://lgbtgia.ucdavis.edu/educated/glossary

14. World Health Organization. (n.d.). Gender incongruence and Transgender Health in the ICD. World Health Organization. Retrieved July 7, 2022, from https://www.who.int/standards/classifications/frequently-asked-questions/gender-incongruence-and-transgender-health-in-the-icd



