

2004 AAPA Physician Assistant Census Report - Missouri

Introduction

The American Academy of Physician Assistants (AAPA) was founded in 1968 and is the only national organization representing physician assistants (PAs) in all medical specialties. The Academy educates the general public about the PA profession, assures competency of PAs through active involvement in the accreditation of PA programs, provides continuing education, and conducts PA-related research. The Academy works to promote quality, cost-effective health care, and the professional and personal growth of PAs.

From 1990 to 1995, the AAPA conducted a census survey of its members. Beginning in 1996, the census survey was expanded to include those PAs who were not members of AAPA. While the survey instrument and the data collection process have undergone some revisions since the inception of the census, the general approach and data elements have remained much the same.

The data collection effort for the 2004 AAPA Physician Assistant Census was conducted between March 15 and September 15, 2004. Survey forms were mailed to all individuals, both AAPA members and non-members, who were believed to be eligible to practice as PAs in the United States as of December 31, 2003 and for whom address information was available. Surveys were not mailed to individuals who had indicated on a previous Census that they were retired or working as a physician. In total, forms were mailed to 58,826 people – accounting for 95.0 percent of the 61,891 individuals eligible to practice as PAs. Completed surveys were received from 23,494 people, representing 38.0 percent of all individuals eligible to practice as PAs and 39.9 percent of the PAs who were mailed a survey form. Of the 30,019 AAPA members who were mailed a form, 16,138 (53.8%) responded; of the 28,807 non-members who were mailed a form, 7,356 (25.5%) responded. This document presents the responses received on the census survey and also includes certain static information derived from the AAPA Masterfile, such as sex, race, and age. It should be noted that these data have not been weighted or adjusted to account for non-response, the number of usable responses for each item varies due to item non-response, and that the percentages displayed in all tables may not sum to 100 due to rounding.

To facilitate locating specific items of interest, an index of the subjects addressed by the tables is provided in addition to a list of tables.

Highlights of National Statistics

Section I. Characteristics of Respondents and Non-Respondents

Sex: Females accounted for 60 percent of the respondents to this year's census.

Ethnicity: White PAs comprise 88 percent of the respondents.

Age: The mean age of census respondents is 42 years; the median is 41.

PA Education: Half (50%) of respondents hold a bachelor's level PA degree; 22 percent of respondents hold a master's level PA degree.

Types of Degrees Held: Ninety-one percent of respondents hold a bachelor's degree or higher; thirty-five percent hold a masters degree. Only about two percent of respondents hold a doctoral degree.

Age at Time of Graduation from PA School: The mean age at time of graduation from PA school was 31 years; the median was 29.

Years Since Graduation from PA School: The mean number of years since graduation from PA school for census respondents is 11; the median is 7.

Section II. Professional Status of Respondents

Practice Status: The vast majority of respondents (89%) are in clinical practice.

Current Profession: Four percent of respondents reported working as a PA educator. This was the most common professional activity other than providing clinical services as a PA.

Section III: Information about Respondents in Clinical Practice

Number of Clinical PA Jobs: Eighty-five percent of respondents reported working exactly one clinical PA job; 15 percent work more than one clinical PA job concurrently.

Employer Type: More than four in ten respondents (43%) are employed by a single or multi-specialty physician group practice while 22 percent are employed by hospitals and 14 percent are employed by solo physician offices.

Government Employment: About 10 percent of respondents work for some type of government agency. The Department of Veterans' Affairs is the single largest government employer of PAs accounting for just over two percent of respondents; state governments collectively employ about two percent of this year's respondents.

Primary Work Setting: The most prevalent "primary" work setting, reported by 37 percent of respondents, is a hospital; the hospital departments cited most frequently as primary settings are hospital emergency rooms (10%), hospital inpatient units (9%), hospital outpatient units (8%), and hospital operating rooms (7%). Physician group practices are the primary work setting for 29 percent of respondents; 20 percent report working in a single-specialty group practice and 9 percent report working in a multi-specialty group practice. Other settings reported as the primary work setting by large numbers of PAs include solo-practice physician offices (13%), and Federally Qualified Health Centers or community health facilities (8%).

Work Settings where Clinical Services are Provided over the Course of a Typical Month:

Respondents were asked to indicate all of the settings where they provide clinical services for their primary clinical employer over the course of a typical month. The specific work settings reported by at least 20 percent of respondents are hospital inpatient units (33%), hospital emergency rooms (29%), single-specialty physician group practices (26%), hospital operating rooms (21%), hospital outpatient units (21%), and hospital intensive care/critical care units (20%).

Primary Specialty of Practice: While PAs practice in at least 61 specialty fields, 42 percent of this year's respondents reported that their primary specialty was one of the primary care fields: family/general practice medicine (30%), general internal medicine (8%), obstetrics/gynecology (3%), and general pediatrics (3%). Other prevalent specialties for PAs include general surgery/surgical subspecialties (24%), emergency medicine (10%), and the subspecialties of internal medicine (10%).

Years in Clinical Practice: The mean number of years in clinical practice is 9.2; the median is 6 years.

Years in Current Position: The mean number of years respondents have worked in their current position is 5.0; the median is 3 years.

Years in Current Specialty: The mean number of years respondents have worked in their current specialty is 6.4; the median is 4 years.

Geographic Distribution: The states in which the largest numbers of clinically practicing respondents are employed include: New York (10%), California (8%), Texas (6%), Pennsylvania (6%), Florida (5%), and North Carolina (5%).

Metropolitan Status of Work Site: About one-fifth of respondents (19%) work in counties that are classified as non-metropolitan.

Functions and Responsibilities: PAs can perform a variety of functions for their primary employers. More than one-fourth of respondents (27%) reported assisting in surgery and about four in ten (42%) reported performing invasive procedures. Nine percent of respondents reported supervising other PAs, and one in five (20%) reported supervising other clinical staff. More than one-third of respondents (37%) indicated that they precept PA students; one-fourth (25%) reported precepting students of other health professions.

Work Status: The majority of clinically practicing respondents (87%) work full-time, defined as more than 32 hours per week, for their primary clinical employer.

Section IV. Information about Respondents in Clinical Practice Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Their Primary Clinical Job

Hours Worked: The mean number of hours worked by the respondents who work more than 32 hours in a typical week is 44.4; the median is 42 hours.

Patient Visits/Encounters: Due to the variety of work settings and specialty fields in which PAs practice, the types of patients PAs treat are quite varied. The vast majority (91%) of census respondents who work full-time see some outpatients in their primary job; the mean number of patient visits provided per week by PAs who see outpatients exclusively is 96.0. One-third of respondents who work full-time (33%) see some inpatients in their primary job; the mean number of patient encounters provided per week by respondents who see inpatients exclusively is 61.8. Six percent of full-time PAs reported seeing some nursing home patients in their primary job, and only four percent of respondents report seeing patients who can not be classified as inpatients, outpatients, or nursing home patients.

Working in Hospitals: Almost two-thirds (64%) of respondents report seeing patients in at least one hospital and one in five (21%) report seeing patients in more than one hospital. The vast majority (98%) of respondents who see patients in hospitals have privileges granted by the medical staff in at least one hospital. Forty-five percent of respondents who see patients in hospitals are members of at least one hospital's medical staff and 42% are members of at least one hospital's PA staff.

Taking Call: More than one-third of full-time respondents (39%) reported taking call for their primary employer. The mean hours on call per month for those PAs who reported taking some call but who were not always on call is 99.

Base Pay: The majority of respondents (80%) reported receiving their base pay in the form of a salary; 18 percent indicated that they receive an hourly wage.

Compensation: Respondents reported receiving several additional forms of compensation from their primary employer. The most common form of additional compensation was a bonus or incentive pay based on the PA's productivity or performance, reported by 24 percent of respondents. Eighteen percent of respondents reported receiving overtime pay while 17 percent reported receiving a bonus based on something other than productivity or performance. Almost half of those who reported receiving an incentive based on productivity or performance (46%) indicated that the incentive was based on revenue.

Annual Income: The median total annual income from primary employer for respondents who work at least 32 hours per week for their primary employer and who are not self-employed is \$74,264; the mean is \$78,257. The comparable figures for respondents who graduated in 2003 are \$64,536 and \$65,641, respectively.

CME Funding: Eighty-eight percent of respondents reported having CME funds available to them from their primary employer. For those PAs who reported the amount of CME funds available to them, the mean is \$1,559; the median is \$1,500.

Source of Funds for Insurance and Other Expenses: Ninety-seven percent of respondents reported that their employer pays 95-100% of the cost of their professional liability insurance. Other expenses for which employers often pay 95-100% of the cost include DEA registration fees (75%), credentialing fees (73%), state license fees (71%), AAPA dues (63%), and NCCPA fees (63%).

List of Tables

Section I: Characteristics of 2004 AAPA Census Respondents

Table 1.1	Number and Percent Distribution for Defined Subpopulations
Table 1.2	Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations by Sex
Table 1.3	Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations by Race
Table 1.4	Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations by PA Degrees Held
Table 1.5	Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations by Types of Degrees Held
Table 1.6	Summary Measures of Age for Defined Subpopulations
Table 1.7	Summary Measures of Age during Year of Graduation from PA School for Defined Subpopulations
Table 1.8	Summary Measures of Years since Graduation from PA School for Defined Subpopulations

Section II: Professional Status of Respondents

Table 2.1	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents by Clinical Practice Status
Table 2.2	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents by Current Professional Status

Section III Information about Respondents in Clinical Practice

Table 3.1	Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Number of Concurrent PA Jobs
Table 3.2	Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Type of Primary Employer
Table 3.3	Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Primary Employer's Government Affiliation
Table 3.4	Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Primary Work Setting
Table 3.5	Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Types of Practice Settings where Time is Spent
Table 3.6	Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by General Specialty Practiced for Primary Employer
Table 3.7	Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Specialty Practiced for Primary Employer
Table 3.8	Summary Measures of Years in Clinical Practice as PA for Clinically Practicing Respondents
Table 3.9	Summary Measures of Years in Current Position for Clinically Practicing Respondents
Table 3.10	Summary Measures of Years in Current Specialty for Clinically Practicing Respondents
Table 3.11	Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by AAPA Region in Which Employed

List of Tables (continued)

- Table 3.12 Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by State/Geographic Location in Which Employed
- Table 3.13 Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Metropolitan Status of Primary Practice Site
- Table 3.14 Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents Who Perform Select Functions at Primary Clinical Job
- Table 3.15 Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Hours Worked per Week at Primary Clinical Job

Section IV: Information about Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Their Primary Clinical Job

- Table 4.1 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Types of Patients Treated
- Table 4.2 Summary Measures of Total Hours Worked per Week for Primary Clinical Employer by Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job
- Table 4.3 Summary Measures of Hours Providing Direct Inpatient Care per Week for Respondents Who See Inpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job
- Table 4.4 Summary Measures of Inpatient Encounters per Week for Respondents Who See Inpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job
- Table 4.5 Summary Measures of Hours Providing Direct Outpatient Care per Week for Respondents Who See Outpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job
- Table 4.6 Summary Measures of Outpatient Visits per Week for Respondents Who See Outpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job
- Table 4.7 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA Sees Patients
- Table 4.8 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and See Some Hospital Patients by Number of Hospitals with Privileges Granted by Medical Staff
- Table 4.9 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA is Member of Medical Staff
- Table 4.10 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA is Member of PA Staff
- Table 4.11 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA is Member of Allied Health Staff
- Table 4.12 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA is Member of Other Staff Category
- Table 4.13 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Responsibility for Call

List of Tables (continued)

Table 4.14	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Types of Call Taken
Table 4.15	Summary Measures of Call Hours per Month for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job
Table 4.16	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Type of Base Pay Received
Table 4.17	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Types of Additional Compensation Received
Table 4.18	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and Receive Incentive Pay Based on Productivity or Performance by Measures on Which Incentive is Based
Table 4.19	Summary Measures of Total Annual Income from Primary Employer for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job
Table 4.20	Summary Measures of Total Annual Income from Primary Employer for Respondents Who Graduated in 2003 and Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job
Table 4.21	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Whether CME Funds Are Available from Primary Employer
Table 4.22	Summary Measures of CME Funds Provided by Primary Clinical Employer for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and Receive CME Funding
Table 4.23	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Source of Funds for Types of Insurance
Table 4.24	Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Source of Funds for Select Expenses

Index of Subjects Addressed by Tables

Topic	Table Number
Age, during Year of Graduation from PA School, Summary Measures for Defined Subpopulations	Table 1.7
Age, in Year of Census, Summary Measures for Defined Subpopulations	Table 1.6
Call, Hours Taken per Month, Summary Measures for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.15
Call, Responsibility for Taking, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.13
Call, Types Taken, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.14
Clinical Practice Status, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents	Table 2.1
CME, Amount of Funds Provided by Primary Clinical Employer, Summary Measures for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and Receive CME Funding	Table 4.22
CME, Whether Funding Available from Primary Employer, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.21
Compensation, Measures on Which Incentive is Based, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and Receive Incentive Pay Based on Productivity or Performance	Table 4.18
Compensation, 2003 Graduates, Total Annual Income from Primary Employer, Summary Measures for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.20
Compensation, Total Annual Income from Primary Employer, Summary Measures for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.19
Compensation, Types of Additional Compensation Received, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.17
Compensation, Types of Base Pay Received, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.16
Concurrent PA Jobs, Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.1
Current Professional Status, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents	Table 2.2
Education, PA Degrees, Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations	Table 1.4
Education, Types of Degrees Held, Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations	Table 1.5
Employer Type, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.2
Fringe Benefits, Source of Funds for Select Expenses, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.24

Topic	Table Number
Fringe Benefits, Source of Funds for Types of Insurance, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.23
Functions Performed at Primary Clinical Job, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.14
Government Employment, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.3
Hospitals, Number in which PA is Member of Allied Health Staff, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.11
Hospitals, Number in which PA is Member of Medical Staff, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.9
Hospitals, Number in which PA is Member of Other Staff Category, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.12
Hospitals, Number in which PA is Member of PA Staff, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.10
Hospitals, Number in which PA Sees Patients, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.7
Hospitals, Number with Privileges Granted by Medical Staff, Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and See Some Hospital Patients	Table 4.8
Hours Providing Direct Inpatient Care per Week, Summary Measures for Respondents Who See Inpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.3
Hours Providing Direct Outpatient Care per Week, Summary Measures for Respondents Who See Outpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.5
Hours Worked per Week at Primary Clinical Job, Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.15
Hours Worked per Week for Primary Clinical Employer (total), Summary Measures for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.2
Metropolitan Status of Primary Practice Site, Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.13
Race, Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations	Table 1.3
Region (AAPA) in Which Employed, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.11
Respondents, Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations	Table 1.1
Sex, Number and Percent Distribution of Defined Subpopulations	Table 1.2
Specialty Practiced for Primary Employer, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.7

Topic	Table Number
Specialty, General Field Practiced for Primary Employer, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.6
State/Geographic Location in Which Employed, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.12
Types of Patients Treated, Number and Percent Distribution for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.1
Visits/Encounters per week, Inpatient, Summary Measures for Respondents Who See Inpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.4
Visits/Encounters per week, Outpatient, Summary Measures for Respondents Who See Outpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job	Table 4.6
Work Setting, Primary, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.4
Work Settings, All, Number and Percent Distribution for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.5
Years in Clinical Practice as PA, Summary Measures for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.8
Years in Current Position, Summary Measures for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.9
Years in Current Specialty, Summary Measures for Clinically Practicing Respondents	Table 3.10
Years since Graduation from PA School, Summary Measures for Defined Subpopulations	Table 1.8

2004 AAPA Physician Assistant Census Report for Missouri

Section I: Characteristics of 2004 AAPA Census Respondents

Table 1.1: Number and Percent Distribution of Census Respondents by whether State is Missouri

	Count	Percent
Total	23494	100.0%
Missouri	217	.9%
All Others	23277	99.1%

Table 1.2: Number and Percent Distribution of Census Respondents by Sex

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Male	89	41.4%	9155	39.7%	9244	39.7%
Female	126	58.6%	13901	60.3%	14027	60.3%

Table 1.3: Number and Percent Distribution of Census Respondents by Race

		Missouri		All Others		Total	
		Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Missouri	Asian/Pacific Islander	4	2.0%			4	2.0%
	Black (Not Hispanic)	5	2.5%			5	2.5%
	Hispanic/Latino Origin	3	1.5%			3	1.5%
	Amer Indian/Alaskan	3	1.5%			3	1.5%
	White (Not Hispanic)	181	91.4%			181	91.4%
	Multiracial	2	1.0%			2	1.0%
All Others	Asian/Pacific Islander			704	3.4%	704	3.4%
	Black (Not Hispanic)			612	2.9%	612	2.9%
	Hispanic/Latino Origin			785	3.7%	785	3.7%
	Amer Indian/Alaskan			187	.9%	187	.9%
	White (Not Hispanic)			18528	88.4%	18528	88.4%
	Multiracial			151	.7%	151	.7%

Table 1.4: Number and Percent Distribution of Census Respondents by PA Degrees Held

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Do not have certificate in PA studies	121	65.1%	12561	64.4%	12682	64.4%
Have certificate in PA studies	65	34.9%	6955	35.6%	7020	35.6%
Do not have associate's in PA studies	181	97.3%	17949	92.0%	18130	92.0%
Have associate's in PA studies	5	2.7%	1567	8.0%	1572	8.0%
Do not have bachelor's in PA studies	81	43.5%	9772	50.1%	9853	50.0%
Have bachelor's in PA studies	105	56.5%	9744	49.9%	9849	50.0%
Do not have master's in PA studies	140	75.3%	15287	78.3%	15427	78.3%
Have master's in PA studies	46	24.7%	4229	21.7%	4275	21.7%

Table 1.5: Number and Percent Distribution of Census Respondents by Types of Degrees Held

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Do not have bachelor's degree	10	5.4%	1806	9.3%	1816	9.2%
Have bachelor's degree	176	94.6%	17710	90.7%	17886	90.8%
Do not have master's degree	112	60.2%	12608	64.6%	12720	64.6%
Have master's degree	74	39.8%	6908	35.4%	6982	35.4%
Do not have doctoral degree	184	98.9%	19218	98.5%	19402	98.5%
Have doctoral degree	2	1.1%	298	1.5%	300	1.5%

Table 1.6: Summary Measures of Age for Census Respondents

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Count	216	23208	23424
Mean	40.2	41.6	41.6
Standard deviation	11.0	10.7	10.7
10th percentile	28.0	28.0	28.0
25th percentile	31.0	32.0	32.0
Median	37.0	41.0	41.0
75th percentile	49.0	50.0	50.0
90th percentile	56.0	56.0	56.0

Table 1.7: Summary Measures of Age During Year of Graduation from PA School for Census Respondents

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Count	216	23208	23424
Mean	30.5	30.9	30.9
Standard deviation	6.5	7.0	7.0
10th percentile	24.0	24.0	24.0
25th percentile	26.0	26.0	26.0
Median	28.0	29.0	29.0
75th percentile	34.0	34.0	34.0
90th percentile	41.0	41.0	41.0

Table 1.8: Summary Measures of Years since Graduation from PA School for Census Respondents

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Count	217	23277	23494
Mean	9.7	10.7	10.7
Standard deviation	8.7	9.0	9.0
10th percentile	1.8	1.0	1.0
25th percentile	3.0	3.0	3.0
Median	7.0	7.0	7.0
75th percentile	14.0	18.0	18.0
90th percentile	26.0	26.0	26.0

Section II: Professional Status of Respondents

Table 2.1: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents by Clinical Practice Status

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	217	100.0%	23277	100.0%	23494	100.0%
In clinical practice	192	88.5%	20664	88.8%	20856	88.8%
Not in clinical practice	25	11.5%	2613	11.2%	2638	11.2%

Table 2.2: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents by Current Professional Status*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	217	100.0%	23277	100.0%	23494	100.0%
Clinically practicing PA	192	88.5%	20664	88.8%	20856	88.8%
Clinically practicing physician or resident			109	.5%	109	.5%
Clinically practicing NP	2	.9%	228	1.0%	230	1.0%
Other clinically practicing provider			161	.7%	161	.7%
PA educator	11	5.1%	938	4.0%	949	4.0%
Other health professions educator	1	.5%	299	1.3%	300	1.3%
Health care professional-administrator	2	.9%	382	1.6%	384	1.6%
Health care professional-researcher	1	.5%	159	.7%	160	.7%
Health care professional-lawyer			12	.1%	12	.1%
Health care professional-public health			60	.3%	60	.3%
Health care professional-other	4	1.8%	533	2.3%	537	2.3%
Other non-health professional	2	.9%	241	1.0%	243	1.0%
Student in post-graduate PA program	1	.5%	169	.7%	170	.7%
Medical student			56	.2%	56	.2%
Other student	2	.9%	85	.4%	87	.4%
Not employed by choice	8	3.7%	557	2.4%	565	2.4%
Employed, seeking PA job	1	.5%	123	.5%	124	.5%
Unemployed, seeking PA job	2	.9%	248	1.1%	250	1.1%
Unemployed, seeking non-PA job			68	.3%	68	.3%
Retired	4	1.8%	449	1.9%	453	1.9%
Other	2	.9%	307	1.3%	309	1.3%

*Percentages sum to more than 100 because respondents were instructed to mark all that apply.

Section III: Information about Respondents in Clinical Practice

Table 3.1: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Number of Concurrent PA Jobs

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	192	100.0%	20664	100.0%	20856	100.0%
One	174	90.6%	17529	84.8%	17703	84.9%
Two	17	8.9%	2550	12.3%	2567	12.3%
Three	1	.5%	386	1.9%	387	1.9%
More than three			90	.4%	90	.4%
Self-employed w/mult contracts			109	.5%	109	.5%

Table 3.2: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Type of Primary Employer

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	192	100.0%	20640	100.0%	20832	100.0%
Self-employed	1	.5%	552	2.7%	553	2.7%
Solo physician practice	20	10.4%	2909	14.1%	2929	14.1%
Single-specialty physician group	63	32.8%	6188	30.0%	6251	30.0%
Multi-specialty physician group	21	10.9%	2679	13.0%	2700	13.0%
University hospital	23	12.0%	1494	7.2%	1517	7.3%
Other hospital	44	22.9%	3039	14.7%	3083	14.8%
Freestanding urgent care center	2	1.0%	386	1.9%	388	1.9%
Freestanding surgical center			25	.1%	25	.1%
Nursing home or LTC facility			55	.3%	55	.3%
Home health agency			3	.0%	3	.0%
Hospice			1	.0%	1	.0%
HMO	2	1.0%	548	2.7%	550	2.6%
Community health center	8	4.2%	1219	5.9%	1227	5.9%
Medical staffing agency	1	.5%	57	.3%	58	.3%
Physician practice mngmt org	2	1.0%	307	1.5%	309	1.5%
Integrated health system			201	1.0%	201	1.0%
Corrections system	1	.5%	228	1.1%	229	1.1%
Other	4	2.1%	749	3.6%	753	3.6%

Table 3.3: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Primary Employer's Government Affiliation

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	190	100.0%	20433	100.0%	20623	100.0%
Not government employed	163	85.8%	18426	90.2%	18589	90.1%
Air Force	2	1.1%	142	.7%	144	.7%
Army	11	5.8%	291	1.4%	302	1.5%
Navy			115	.6%	115	.6%
Dept. of Veterans Affairs	9	4.7%	494	2.4%	503	2.4%
Federal Bureau of Prisons/DOJ			45	.2%	45	.2%
Federal Public Health Service			81	.4%	81	.4%
Indian Health Service	3	1.6%	77	.4%	80	.4%
Other federal government	1	.5%	77	.4%	78	.4%
State government	1	.5%	430	2.1%	431	2.1%
Local government			235	1.2%	235	1.1%
Coast Guard			20	.1%	20	.1%

Table 3.4: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Primary Work Setting

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	192	100.0%	20604	100.0%	20796	100.0%
Intensive/critical care unit of hospital	12	6.3%	380	1.8%	392	1.9%
Inpatient unit of hospital (not ICU/CCU)	18	9.4%	1847	9.0%	1865	9.0%
Outpatient unit of hospital	27	14.1%	1580	7.7%	1607	7.7%
Hospital emergency room	15	7.8%	2032	9.9%	2047	9.8%
Hospital operating room	16	8.3%	1427	6.9%	1443	6.9%
Other unit of hospital			253	1.2%	253	1.2%
Federally Qualified Rural Health Center	16	8.3%	889	4.3%	905	4.4%
Other FQHC	2	1.0%	333	1.6%	335	1.6%
Other community health center/facility	1	.5%	475	2.3%	476	2.3%
Freestanding urgent care facility	3	1.6%	595	2.9%	598	2.9%
Freestanding surgical facility	2	1.0%	113	.5%	115	.6%
Solo practice physician office	17	8.9%	2758	13.4%	2775	13.3%
Single-specialty physician group practice	38	19.8%	4150	20.1%	4188	20.1%
Multi-specialty physician group practice	15	7.8%	1859	9.0%	1874	9.0%
HMO facility			398	1.9%	398	1.9%
Nursing home or LTC facility	1	.5%	178	.9%	179	.9%
University/college student health facility	1	.5%	136	.7%	137	.7%
School-based health facility			80	.4%	80	.4%
Other freestanding outpatient facility	5	2.6%	457	2.2%	462	2.2%
Correctional facility	1	.5%	254	1.2%	255	1.2%
Industrial facility/work site			121	.6%	121	.6%
Mobile health unit			20	.1%	20	.1%
Patients' homes			17	.1%	17	.1%
Other	2	1.0%	252	1.2%	254	1.2%

Table 3.5: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Types of Practice Settings where Time is Spent*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	192	100.0%	20632	100.0%	20824	100.0%
Intensive/critical care unit of hospital	53	27.6%	4182	20.3%	4235	20.3%
Inpatient unit of hospital (not ICU/CCU)	83	43.2%	6686	32.4%	6769	32.5%
Outpatient unit of hospital	59	30.7%	4244	20.6%	4303	20.7%
Hospital emergency room	52	27.1%	5937	28.8%	5989	28.8%
Hospital operating room	60	31.3%	4343	21.0%	4403	21.1%
Other unit of hospital	17	8.9%	1784	8.6%	1801	8.6%
Federally Qualified Rural Health Center	19	9.9%	1170	5.7%	1189	5.7%
Other FQHC	2	1.0%	469	2.3%	471	2.3%
Other community health center/facility	3	1.6%	756	3.7%	759	3.6%
Freestanding urgent care facility	5	2.6%	1091	5.3%	1096	5.3%
Freestanding surgical facility	15	7.8%	904	4.4%	919	4.4%
Solo practice physician office	22	11.5%	3357	16.3%	3379	16.2%
Single-specialty physician group practice	51	26.6%	5450	26.4%	5501	26.4%
Multi-specialty physician group practice	20	10.4%	2574	12.5%	2594	12.5%
HMO facility	5	2.6%	585	2.8%	590	2.8%
Nursing home or LTC facility	15	7.8%	1323	6.4%	1338	6.4%
University/college student health facility	4	2.1%	280	1.4%	284	1.4%
School-based health facility	1	.5%	193	.9%	194	.9%
Other freestanding outpatient facility	7	3.6%	740	3.6%	747	3.6%
Correctional facility	3	1.6%	394	1.9%	397	1.9%
Industrial facility/work site	2	1.0%	233	1.1%	235	1.1%
Mobile health unit	2	1.0%	98	.5%	100	.5%
Patients' homes	2	1.0%	444	2.2%	446	2.1%
Other	4	2.1%	504	2.4%	508	2.4%

*Percentages sum to more than 100 because respondents were instructed to mark all that apply.

Table 3.6: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by General Specialty Practiced for Primary Employer

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	189	100.0%	20361	100.0%	20550	100.0%
Family/general medicine	38	20.1%	6014	29.5%	6052	29.5%
General internal medicine	15	7.9%	1592	7.8%	1607	7.8%
Emergency medicine	16	8.5%	2015	9.9%	2031	9.9%
General pediatrics	4	2.1%	519	2.5%	523	2.5%
General surgery	3	1.6%	578	2.8%	581	2.8%
Internal medicine subspecialties	20	10.6%	1984	9.7%	2004	9.8%
Pediatric subspecialties	4	2.1%	305	1.5%	309	1.5%
Surgical subspecialties	70	37.0%	4257	20.9%	4327	21.1%
Obstetrics and gynecology	2	1.1%	532	2.6%	534	2.6%
Industrial/occupational medicine	3	1.6%	492	2.4%	495	2.4%
Other	14	7.4%	2073	10.2%	2087	10.2%

Table 3.7: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Specialty Practiced for Primary Employer

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	189	100.0%	20361	100.0%	20550	100.0%
Addiction medicine			89	.4%	89	.4%
Allergy			117	.6%	117	.6%
Anesthesiology	3	1.6%	42	.2%	45	.2%
Dermatology	4	2.1%	621	3.0%	625	3.0%
Emergency medicine	16	8.5%	2015	9.9%	2031	9.9%
Family practice w/o urgent care	18	9.5%	2352	11.6%	2370	11.5%
Family practice wt urgent care	20	10.6%	3662	18.0%	3682	17.9%
Genetics			4	.0%	4	.0%
Geriatrics	2	1.1%	160	.8%	162	.8%
Obstetrics/gynecology	2	1.1%	532	2.6%	534	2.6%
Occupational medicine	3	1.6%	492	2.4%	495	2.4%
Ophthalmology			23	.1%	23	.1%
Pain management			180	.9%	180	.9%
Pathology			6	.0%	6	.0%
Physical med rehab			155	.8%	155	.8%
Psychiatry			200	1.0%	200	1.0%
Public health			27	.1%	27	.1%
Radiation oncology	2	1.1%	43	.2%	45	.2%
Radiology	2	1.1%	126	.6%	128	.6%
General surgery	3	1.6%	578	2.8%	581	2.8%
Surg: cardiovascular/cardiothoracic	15	7.9%	700	3.4%	715	3.5%
Surg: colon & rectal	1	.5%	16	.1%	17	.1%
Surg: hand			53	.3%	53	.3%
Surg: neurology	6	3.2%	428	2.1%	434	2.1%
Surg: oncology			56	.3%	56	.3%
Surg: orthopedics	38	20.1%	1991	9.8%	2029	9.9%
Surg: otorhinolaryngology	3	1.6%	166	.8%	169	.8%
Surg: pediatric	1	.5%	27	.1%	28	.1%
Surg: plastic	1	.5%	145	.7%	146	.7%
Surg: thoracic	1	.5%	33	.2%	34	.2%
Surg: transplant			42	.2%	42	.2%
Surg: trauma			83	.4%	83	.4%
Surg: urology			251	1.2%	251	1.2%
Surg: vascular	2	1.1%	132	.6%	134	.7%
Surg: other	2	1.1%	134	.7%	136	.7%
General pediatrics	4	2.1%	519	2.5%	523	2.5%
Ped: adolescent medicine			64	.3%	64	.3%
Ped: allergy			10	.0%	10	.0%
Ped: cardiology			18	.1%	18	.1%
Ped: critical care			19	.1%	19	.1%
Ped: endocrinology			6	.0%	6	.0%
Ped: gastroenterology			11	.1%	11	.1%
Ped: hematology/oncology	2	1.1%	30	.1%	32	.2%
Ped: infectious disease			6	.0%	6	.0%
Ped: neonatal-perinatal			66	.3%	66	.3%
Ped: nephrology			4	.0%	4	.0%
Ped: neurology			12	.1%	12	.1%
Ped: pulmonology			7	.0%	7	.0%
Ped: other	2	1.1%	52	.3%	54	.3%
General internal medicine	15	7.9%	1592	7.8%	1607	7.8%
IM: cardiology	5	2.6%	680	3.3%	685	3.3%
IM: critical care	6	3.2%	49	.2%	55	.3%
IM: endocrinology	2	1.1%	77	.4%	79	.4%
IM: gastroenterology	2	1.1%	335	1.6%	337	1.6%
IM: hematology/oncology	2	1.1%	286	1.4%	288	1.4%
IM: immunology			5	.0%	5	.0%
IM: infectious disease	1	.5%	124	.6%	125	.6%
IM: nephrology			109	.5%	109	.5%
IM: neurology			91	.4%	91	.4%
IM: pulmonology	1	.5%	70	.3%	71	.3%
IM: rheumatology			73	.4%	73	.4%
IM: other	1	.5%	85	.4%	86	.4%
Other	1	.5%	280	1.4%	281	1.4%

Table 3.8: Summary Measures of Years in Clinical Practice as PA for Clinically Practicing Respondents

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	191	20618	20809
Mean	8.3	9.2	9.2
Standard deviation	8.3	8.6	8.6
10th percentile	.2	.0	.0
25th percentile	2.0	3.0	3.0
Median	6.0	6.0	6.0
75th percentile	11.0	14.0	14.0
90th percentile	23.0	24.0	24.0

Table 3.9: Summary Measures of Years in Current Position for Clinically Practicing Respondents

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	177	19579	19756
Mean	4.5	5.0	5.0
Standard deviation	5.2	5.7	5.7
10th percentile	.0	.0	.0
25th percentile	1.0	1.0	1.0
Median	3.0	3.0	3.0
75th percentile	6.0	7.0	7.0
90th percentile	12.2	13.0	13.0

Table 3.10: Summary Measures of Years in Current Specialty for Clinically Practicing Respondents

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	191	20449	20640
Mean	5.4	6.4	6.4
Standard deviation	6.3	7.0	7.0
10th percentile	.0	.0	.0
25th percentile	1.0	1.0	1.0
Median	4.0	4.0	4.0
75th percentile	7.0	9.0	9.0
90th percentile	13.8	17.0	17.0

Table 3.11: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by AAPA Region in Which Employed

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	186	100.0%	20126	100.0%	20312	100.0%
Northeast			4851	24.1%	4851	23.9%
Southeast			4707	23.4%	4707	23.2%
North Central	186	100.0%	3939	19.6%	4125	20.3%
South Central			2784	13.8%	2784	13.7%
West			3845	19.1%	3845	18.9%

Table 3.12: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by State/Geographic Location in Which Employed

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	186	100.0%	20126	100.0%	20312	100.0%
Alaska			130	.6%	130	.6%
Alabama			102	.5%	102	.5%
Arkansas			27	.1%	27	.1%
Arizona			455	2.3%	455	2.2%
California			1684	8.4%	1684	8.3%
Colorado			586	2.9%	586	2.9%
Connecticut			431	2.1%	431	2.1%
District Of Columbia			73	.4%	73	.4%
Delaware			66	.3%	66	.3%
Florida			1088	5.4%	1088	5.4%
Georgia			616	3.1%	616	3.0%
Guam			5	.0%	5	.0%
Hawaii			52	.3%	52	.3%
Iowa			324	1.6%	324	1.6%
Idaho			131	.7%	131	.6%
Illinois			539	2.7%	539	2.7%
Indiana			187	.9%	187	.9%
Kansas			267	1.3%	267	1.3%
Kentucky			251	1.2%	251	1.2%
Louisiana			139	.7%	139	.7%
Massachusetts			445	2.2%	445	2.2%
Maryland			487	2.4%	487	2.4%
Maine			207	1.0%	207	1.0%
Michigan			932	4.6%	932	4.6%
Minnesota			379	1.9%	379	1.9%
Missouri	186	100.0%			186	.9%
Mississippi			37	.2%	37	.2%
Montana			133	.7%	133	.7%
North Carolina			1049	5.2%	1049	5.2%
North Dakota			88	.4%	88	.4%
Nebraska			274	1.4%	274	1.3%
New Hampshire			136	.7%	136	.7%
New Jersey			273	1.4%	273	1.3%
New Mexico			145	.7%	145	.7%
Nevada			135	.7%	135	.7%
New York			1970	9.8%	1970	9.7%
Ohio			490	2.4%	490	2.4%
Oklahoma			319	1.6%	319	1.6%
Oregon			258	1.3%	258	1.3%
Pennsylvania			1162	5.8%	1162	5.7%
Rhode Island			84	.4%	84	.4%
South Carolina			187	.9%	187	.9%
South Dakota			152	.8%	152	.7%
Tennessee			282	1.4%	282	1.4%
Texas			1264	6.3%	1264	6.2%
Utah			205	1.0%	205	1.0%
Virginia			390	1.9%	390	1.9%
Vermont			77	.4%	77	.4%
Washington			580	2.9%	580	2.9%
Wisconsin			574	2.9%	574	2.8%
West Virginia			182	.9%	182	.9%
Wyoming			77	.4%	77	.4%

Table 3.13: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Metropolitan Status of Primary Practice Site

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	184	100.0%	19930	100.0%	20114	100.0%
Not metro	44	23.9%	3746	18.8%	3790	18.8%
Metro	140	76.1%	16184	81.2%	16324	81.2%

Table 3.14: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents Who Perform Select Functions at Primary Clinical Job*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	192	100.0%	20643	100.0%	20835	100.0%
Function as hospitalist	20	10.4%	1297	6.3%	1317	6.3%
Perform invasive procedures	88	45.8%	8611	41.7%	8699	41.8%
Assist at surgery	71	37.0%	5456	26.4%	5527	26.5%
Manage care for inpatients	81	42.2%	7301	35.4%	7382	35.4%
Perform quality assurance	43	22.4%	4129	20.0%	4172	20.0%
Educate other providers	59	30.7%	6651	32.2%	6710	32.2%
Utilization review	15	7.8%	1215	5.9%	1230	5.9%
Research	15	7.8%	2178	10.6%	2193	10.5%
Pharmaceutical selection committee	8	4.2%	463	2.2%	471	2.3%
Therapeutics committee	9	4.7%	435	2.1%	444	2.1%
Make decisions about procurement	35	18.2%	4405	21.3%	4440	21.3%
Supervise other PAs	13	6.8%	1802	8.7%	1815	8.7%
Supervise clinical staff other than PAs	42	21.9%	4021	19.5%	4063	19.5%
Supervise non-clinical staff	13	6.8%	1902	9.2%	1915	9.2%
Precept PA students	72	37.5%	7566	36.7%	7638	36.7%
Precept students of other health professions	45	23.4%	5164	25.0%	5209	25.0%

*Percentages sum to more than 100 because respondents were instructed to mark all that apply.

Table 3.15: Number and Percent Distribution of Clinically Practicing Respondents by Hours Worked per Week at Primary Clinical Job

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	192	100.0%	20664	100.0%	20856	100.0%
32 or more hours	173	90.1%	17873	86.5%	18046	86.5%
Less than 32 hours	19	9.9%	2725	13.2%	2744	13.2%
Hours not reported			66	.3%	66	.3%

Section IV: Information about Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Their Primary Clinical Job

Table 4.1: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Types of Patients Treated*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	108	100.0%	12515	100.0%	12623	100.0%
See some inpatients	52	48.1%	4101	32.8%	4153	32.9%
See some outpatients	94	87.0%	11397	91.1%	11491	91.0%
See some nursing home patients	5	4.6%	727	5.8%	732	5.8%
See some other patients**	5	4.6%	465	3.7%	470	3.7%

*Data represent only respondents who reported complete information about both hours and visits for all patient types. Percentages sum to more than 100 because respondents may see multiple types of patients.

**Other patients are those who were not classified as either outpatients, inpatients, or nursing home patients.

Table 4.2: Summary Measures of Total Hours Worked per Week for Primary Clinical Employer by Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	173	17873	18046
Mean	45.5	44.4	44.4
Standard deviation	7.9	8.0	8.0
10th percentile	36.0	36.0	36.0
25th percentile	40.0	40.0	40.0
Median	45.0	42.0	42.0
75th percentile	50.0	50.0	50.0
90th percentile	60.0	55.0	55.0

Table 4.3: Summary Measures of Hours Providing Direct Inpatient Care per Week for Respondents Who See Inpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job*

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	11	721	732
Mean	43.1	43.7	43.6
Standard deviation	8.6	7.7	7.7
10th percentile	32.8	35.0	35.0
25th percentile	36.0	40.0	40.0
Median	40.0	40.0	40.0
75th percentile	50.0	49.5	49.8
90th percentile	59.0	53.8	54.7

*Excludes time spent performing tasks other than providing direct patient care to inpatients.

Table 4.4: Summary Measures of Inpatient Encounters per Week for Respondents Who See Inpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	11	721	732
Mean	67.3	61.8	61.8
Standard deviation	34.7	43.2	43.1
10th percentile	32.0	16.0	16.0
25th percentile	40.0	30.0	30.0
Median	50.0	50.0	50.0
75th percentile	100.0	80.0	80.0
90th percentile	128.0	104.0	108.5

Table 4.5: Summary Measures of Hours Providing Direct Outpatient Care per Week for Respondents Who See Outpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job*

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	45	6302	6347
Mean	39.6	39.3	39.3
Standard deviation	4.6	5.6	5.6
10th percentile	35.0	34.0	34.0
25th percentile	35.5	35.0	35.0
Median	40.0	40.0	40.0
75th percentile	42.0	40.0	40.0
90th percentile	45.4	45.0	45.0

*Excludes time spent performing tasks other than providing direct patient care to outpatients.

Table 4.6: Summary Measures of Outpatient Visits per Week for Respondents Who See Outpatients Exclusively for a Minimum of 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	45	6302	6347
Mean	97.2	96.0	96.0
Standard deviation	40.2	39.2	39.2
10th percentile	43.0	50.0	50.0
25th percentile	65.5	70.0	70.0
Median	90.0	100.0	100.0
75th percentile	125.0	115.0	115.0
90th percentile	150.0	147.1	148.4

Table 4.7: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA Sees Patients

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	164	100.0%	16405	100.0%	16569	100.0%
None	38	23.2%	5974	36.4%	6012	36.3%
One	93	56.7%	7079	43.2%	7172	43.3%
Two	20	12.2%	1927	11.7%	1947	11.8%
Three	9	5.5%	830	5.1%	839	5.1%
Greater than three	4	2.4%	595	3.6%	599	3.6%

Table 4.8: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and See Some Hospital Patients by Number of Hospitals with Privileges Granted by Medical Staff

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	126	100.0%	10367	100.0%	10493	100.0%
None	2	1.6%	218	2.1%	220	2.1%
One	87	69.0%	6618	63.8%	6705	63.9%
Two	24	19.0%	1992	19.2%	2016	19.2%
Three	8	6.3%	884	8.5%	892	8.5%
Greater than three	5	4.0%	655	6.3%	660	6.3%

Table 4.9: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA is Member of Medical Staff

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	123	100.0%	10166	100.0%	10289	100.0%
None	78	63.4%	5541	54.5%	5619	54.6%
One	36	29.3%	3365	33.1%	3401	33.1%
Two	6	4.9%	737	7.2%	743	7.2%
Three	2	1.6%	306	3.0%	308	3.0%
Greater than three	1	.8%	217	2.1%	218	2.1%

Table 4.10: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA is Member of PA Staff

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	123	100.0%	10166	100.0%	10289	100.0%
None	76	61.8%	5861	57.7%	5937	57.7%
One	40	32.5%	3383	33.3%	3423	33.3%
Two	6	4.9%	583	5.7%	589	5.7%
Three	1	.8%	205	2.0%	206	2.0%
Greater than three			134	1.3%	134	1.3%

Table 4.11: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA is Member of Allied Health Staff

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	123	100.0%	10166	100.0%	10289	100.0%
None	68	55.3%	6057	59.6%	6125	59.5%
One	33	26.8%	2517	24.8%	2550	24.8%
Two	13	10.6%	859	8.4%	872	8.5%
Three	6	4.9%	397	3.9%	403	3.9%
Greater than three	3	2.4%	336	3.3%	339	3.3%

Table 4.12: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Number of Hospitals in which PA is Member of Other Staff Category

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	123	100.0%	10166	100.0%	10289	100.0%
None	119	96.7%	9733	95.7%	9852	95.8%
One	4	3.3%	335	3.3%	339	3.3%
Two			48	.5%	48	.5%
Three			23	.2%	23	.2%
Greater than three			27	.3%	27	.3%

Table 4.13: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Responsibility for Call

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	173	100.0%	17873	100.0%	18046	100.0%
Do not take call	116	67.1%	10850	60.7%	10966	60.8%
Take some call	49	28.3%	5890	33.0%	5939	32.9%
Take call, hours unknown	1	.6%	150	.8%	151	.8%
Always on call	7	4.0%	983	5.5%	990	5.5%

Table 4.14 Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Types of Call Taken*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	173	100.0%	17873	100.0%	18046	100.0%
Do not take call	116	67.1%	10850	60.7%	10966	60.8%
Emergency department call	10	5.8%	1665	9.3%	1675	9.3%
Surgical call	28	16.2%	2100	11.7%	2128	11.8%
In-house call	14	8.1%	2002	11.2%	2016	11.2%
Other type of call	22	12.7%	3595	20.1%	3617	20.0%
Call taken, type not indicated	2	1.2%	138	.8%	140	.8%

*Percentages sum to more than 100 because respondents were instructed to mark all that apply.

Table 4.15: Summary Measures of Call Hours per Month for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job*

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	49	5890	5939
Mean	87.7	98.9	98.8
Standard deviation	80.1	90.8	90.7
10th percentile	10.0	11.0	10.0
25th percentile	24.0	32.0	32.0
Median	60.0	72.0	72.0
75th percentile	130.0	140.0	140.0
90th percentile	240.0	216.0	216.0

*Includes only PAs who report taking call, but are not always on call.

Table 4.16: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Type of Base Pay Received*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	155	100.0%	15273	100.0%	15428	100.0%
No base pay	1	.6%	133	.9%	134	.9%
Salary	132	85.2%	12273	80.4%	12405	80.4%
Hourly wage	22	14.2%	2758	18.1%	2780	18.0%
Other			109	.7%	109	.7%

*Excludes self-employed PAs.

Table 4.17: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Types of Additional Compensation Received*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	155	100.0%	14656	100.0%	14811	100.0%
No additional pay	56	36.1%	4561	31.1%	4617	31.2%
Surgical assisting fees	6	3.9%	315	2.1%	321	2.2%
Overtime pay	26	16.8%	2621	17.9%	2647	17.9%
Administrative pay	5	3.2%	387	2.6%	392	2.6%
Pay for on-call availability	8	5.2%	1218	8.3%	1226	8.3%
Pay for on-call services/events	7	4.5%	1200	8.2%	1207	8.1%
Bonus not based on performance	25	16.1%	2556	17.4%	2581	17.4%
Bonus based on performance of practice	25	16.1%	1903	13.0%	1928	13.0%
Bonus based on performance of PA	38	24.5%	3541	24.2%	3579	24.2%
Bonus based on something else	8	5.2%	1090	7.4%	1098	7.4%

*Excludes self-employed PAs. Percentages sum to more than 100 because respondents were instructed to mark all that apply.

Table 4.18: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and Receive Incentive Pay Based on Productivity or Performance by Measures on Which Incentive is Based*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	51	100.0%	4372	100.0%	4423	100.0%
Bonus based on charges	9	17.6%	909	20.8%	918	20.8%
Bonus based on revenues	27	52.9%	1995	45.6%	2022	45.7%
Bonus based on relative value units	7	13.7%	515	11.8%	522	11.8%
Bonus based on profit	10	19.6%	1079	24.7%	1089	24.6%
Bonus based on number of visits or panel size	10	19.6%	775	17.7%	785	17.7%
Bonus based on quality of care	3	5.9%	601	13.7%	604	13.7%
Bonus based on patient satisfaction	5	9.8%	594	13.6%	599	13.5%
Bonus based on other factors	7	13.7%	348	8.0%	355	8.0%

*Excludes self-employed PAs. Percentages sum to more than 100 because respondents were instructed to mark all that apply.

Table 4.19: Summary Measures of Total Annual Income from Primary Employer for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job*

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	157	15420	15577
Mean	\$78,671	\$78,253	\$78,257
Standard deviation	\$19,142	\$20,209	\$20,198
10th percentile	\$58,171	\$57,808	\$57,823
25th percentile	\$64,316	\$64,733	\$64,727
Median	\$74,611	\$74,262	\$74,264
75th percentile	\$89,332	\$87,108	\$87,113
90th percentile	\$107,103	\$103,573	\$103,614

*Excludes self-employed PAs.

Table 4.20: Summary Measures of Total Annual Income from Primary Employer for Respondents Who Graduated in 2003 and Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job*

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	17	1746	1763
Mean	\$63,167	\$65,665	\$65,641
Standard deviation	\$8,927	\$11,887	\$11,862
10th percentile	\$54,781	\$52,532	\$52,626
25th percentile	\$56,883	\$58,880	\$58,813
Median	\$61,820	\$64,642	\$64,536
75th percentile	\$65,486	\$71,377	\$71,360
90th percentile	\$80,195	\$79,614	\$79,598

*Excludes self-employed PAs.

Table 4.21: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Whether CME Funds Are Available from Primary Employer*

	Missouri		All Others		Total	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents	111	100.0%	12136	100.0%	12247	100.0%
Funds not available	12	10.8%	1508	12.4%	1520	12.4%
Funds available, amount known	81	73.0%	8396	69.2%	8477	69.2%
Funds available, amount unknown	18	16.2%	2232	18.4%	2250	18.4%

*Excludes self-employed PAs.

Table 4.22: Summary Measures of CME Funds Provided by Primary Clinical Employer for Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job and Receive CME Funding*

	Missouri	All Others	Total
Respondents	81	8396	8477
Mean	\$1,611	\$1,559	\$1,559
Standard deviation	\$775	\$791	\$791
10th percentile	\$500	\$500	\$500
25th percentile	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Median	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500
75th percentile	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000
90th percentile	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500

*Excludes self-employed PAs.

Table 4.23: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Source of Funds for Types of Insurance*

		Missouri		All Others		Total	
		Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents		149	100.0%	14788	100.0%	14937	100.0%
Professional liability insurance	Employer pays 95-100%	144	96.6%	14416	97.5%	14560	97.5%
	Employer pays 50-94%	2	1.3%	95	.6%	97	.6%
	Employer pays 1-49%			18	.1%	18	.1%
	PA pays 100%	3	2.0%	259	1.8%	262	1.8%
Individual health insurance	Employer pays 95-100%	52	35.6%	6984	50.6%	7036	50.5%
	Employer pays 50-94%	64	43.8%	4786	34.7%	4850	34.8%
	Employer pays 1-49%	16	11.0%	870	6.3%	886	6.4%
	PA pays 100%	14	9.6%	1159	8.4%	1173	8.4%
Family health insurance	Employer pays 95-100%	21	17.5%	2817	27.0%	2838	26.9%
	Employer pays 50-94%	46	38.3%	3619	34.7%	3665	34.7%
	Employer pays 1-49%	20	16.7%	1050	10.1%	1070	10.1%
	PA pays 100%	33	27.5%	2949	28.3%	2982	28.3%
Dental insurance	Employer pays 95-100%	35	26.1%	4133	31.6%	4168	31.6%
	Employer pays 50-94%	44	32.8%	3986	30.5%	4030	30.5%
	Employer pays 1-49%	17	12.7%	1156	8.8%	1173	8.9%
	PA pays 100%	38	28.4%	3793	29.0%	3831	29.0%
Disability insurance	Employer pays 95-100%	59	45.4%	5724	44.5%	5783	44.5%
	Employer pays 50-94%	19	14.6%	2181	17.0%	2200	16.9%
	Employer pays 1-49%	11	8.5%	961	7.5%	972	7.5%
	PA pays 100%	41	31.5%	3992	31.0%	4033	31.1%
Term life insurance	Employer pays 95-100%	56	42.1%	5024	41.4%	5080	41.4%
	Employer pays 50-94%	21	15.8%	1712	14.1%	1733	14.1%
	Employer pays 1-49%	14	10.5%	1043	8.6%	1057	8.6%
	PA pays 100%	42	31.6%	4345	35.8%	4387	35.8%

*Excludes self-employed PAs.

Table 4.24: Number and Percent Distribution of Respondents Who Work at Least 32 Hours per Week at Primary Clinical Job by Source of Funds for Select Expenses*

		Missouri		All Others		Total	
		Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Respondents		134	100.0%	13487	100.0%	13621	100.0%
Pension/retirement fund	Employer pays 95-100%	38	28.4%	3405	25.2%	3443	25.3%
	Employer pays 50-94%	23	17.2%	2790	20.7%	2813	20.7%
	Employer pays 1-49%	57	42.5%	4747	35.2%	4804	35.3%
	PA pays 100%	16	11.9%	2545	18.9%	2561	18.8%
State license fees	Employer pays 95-100%	99	69.7%	10164	70.9%	10263	70.9%
	Employer pays 50-94%			216	1.5%	216	1.5%
	Employer pays 1-49%	1	.7%	98	.7%	99	.7%
	PA pays 100%	42	29.6%	3862	26.9%	3904	27.0%
DEA registration fees	Employer pays 95-100%	17	37.8%	8918	74.9%	8935	74.7%
	Employer pays 50-94%			119	1.0%	119	1.0%
	Employer pays 1-49%			60	.5%	60	.5%
	PA pays 100%	28	62.2%	2812	23.6%	2840	23.8%
NCCPA fees	Employer pays 95-100%	89	61.8%	8986	63.1%	9075	63.1%
	Employer pays 50-94%	2	1.4%	199	1.4%	201	1.4%
	Employer pays 1-49%	1	.7%	113	.8%	114	.8%
	PA pays 100%	52	36.1%	4947	34.7%	4999	34.7%
AAPA dues	Employer pays 95-100%	95	66.9%	8915	63.1%	9010	63.1%
	Employer pays 50-94%			187	1.3%	187	1.3%
	Employer pays 1-49%	1	.7%	118	.8%	119	.8%
	PA pays 100%	46	32.4%	4908	34.7%	4954	34.7%
State PA chapter dues	Employer pays 95-100%	72	56.3%	7313	56.0%	7385	56.0%
	Employer pays 50-94%			193	1.5%	193	1.5%
	Employer pays 1-49%			114	.9%	114	.9%
	PA pays 100%	56	43.8%	5443	41.7%	5499	41.7%
AAPA annual conference registration fees	Employer pays 95-100%	86	63.2%	7389	57.5%	7475	57.6%
	Employer pays 50-94%	11	8.1%	969	7.5%	980	7.6%
	Employer pays 1-49%	5	3.7%	560	4.4%	565	4.4%
	PA pays 100%	34	25.0%	3924	30.6%	3958	30.5%
Credentialing fees	Employer pays 95-100%	99	69.7%	10029	73.2%	10128	73.2%
	Employer pays 50-94%	2	1.4%	317	2.3%	319	2.3%
	Employer pays 1-49%	3	2.1%	162	1.2%	165	1.2%
	PA pays 100%	38	26.8%	3191	23.3%	3229	23.3%

*Excludes self-employed PAs.